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Check Sheet for Recurring Special Provisions

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Local Public A	gency		County	Section Number
Rooks Cree	ek Road	District	Livingston	24-24135-00-RS
Check this	s box for	lettings prior to 01/01/2024.		
The Following	Recurrin	g Special Provisions Indicated By An "X" Are Applicable	To This Contract And Are	e Included By Reference:
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Longitudinal Joint and Crack Patching

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Restoring Bridge Approach Pavements Using High-Density Foam

Portland Cement Concrete Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching

 Local Public Agency
 County
 Section Number

 Rooks Creek Road District
 Livingston
 24-24135-00-RS

The Following Local Roads And Streets Recurring Special Provisions Indicated By An "X" Are Applicable To This Contract And Are Included By Reference:

Local Roads And Streets Recurring Special Provisions

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1130E Rd. Section 24-24135-00-RS Livingston County MFT

STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for the Road and Bridge Construction," adopted January 1, 2022; "Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions," adopted January 1, 2024 (as indicated on the check sheet included herein); and the latest edition of the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids. These Special Provisions included herein apply to and govern the proposed construction of 1130E Rd, Rooks Creek Township, Livingston County, Illinois designated as part of Section 24-24135-00-RS and in case of conflict with any part or parts of said specifications, said Special Provisions shall take precedent and shall govern.

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

This project consists of HMA Surface Removal, Variable Depth (Special), HMA Surface Course, IL-9.5, Mix "C", N50, Hot In-Place Recycling and Earth Shoulders on 1130E Rd.-beginning at a point near the intersection of 1130E and IL 116 and extending in a southerly direction to the cul-de-sac of 1130E Rd

PROSECUTION OF THE WORK

Revise the first sentence of the first paragraph of Section 108.03 to read:

The Contractor shall begin the work to be performed under the contract not later than <u>15</u> days after the execution of the contract by the Department, unless otherwise provided in the contract.

EXAMINATION OF EXISTING CONDITIONS

It is the responsibility of each bidder to satisfy himself/herself as to conditions he/she will encounter in performing the work. Failure to do so will not be considered as grounds for additional compensation for unforeseen adverse conditions encountered during the progress of the work.

PREQUALIFICATION OF BIDDERS

The provisions for the Prequalification of Bidders of LRS-6 of the Bureau of Local Roads and Streets Special Provisions shall apply to this project. Prequalification will be required of all bidders on this project.

ACCESS

The Contractor must maintain access to all properties along the project at all times. The cost shall be included in the cost of the contract.

1130E Rd. Section 24-24135-00-RS Livingston County MFT

PREVAILING WAGE

Prevailing wages as defined by 820 ILCS 130 et. seq. shall be required on this contract. Prevailing wage rates are revised by the Illinois Department of Labor and are available on the Department's website at the following URL:

https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/Rates.aspx

TOPSOIL FURNISH AN PLACE (SPECIAL)

This work shall consist of furnishing topsoil material in accordance with section 1081.05(a). The topsoil shall be deposited in its final position with a roadway widener at the width shown on the plans.

PCC DRIVEWAY REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

This work shall consist of removing the existing 6" thick concrete driveway at house number 16790N as shown on the plans. The area removed shall be backfilled with HMA and left down 1.5" below finished grade (±4.5" thick) to allow the overlay to be placed over top. The HMA shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If the subbase is determined to be unstable then it shall be cored out 8" and replaced with aggregate base course type A. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per sq yd for PCC DRIVEWAY REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT.

UTILITIES

The utility companies have been notified of the impending project. The Contractor shall have the responsibility before any construction work has begun, of obtaining from all utilities the exact location of any underground facilities in the area of construction, whether indicated on the plans or not. Any facilities disturbed by the Contractor shall be restored by him/her at his/her own expense.

The Contractor shall coordinate with the proper utility the relocation of any facility designated on the plans or deemed necessary to be relocated by the Engineer in order to complete construction of the project. Special attention is called to Article 107.37. Residents shall be notified of impending service outages and no residence shall be without service overnight.

JOINT UTILITY LOCATION INFORMATION FOR EXCAVATORS

Whenever a question arises regarding the existence or location of a buried utility, call the toll free J.U.L.I.E. telephone number, 1-800-892-0123, before starting excavation. Allow 48 hours for other than emergency assistance.

1130E Rd. Section 24-24135-00-RS Livingston County MFT

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Traffic control shall be in accordance with the applicable sections of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," the applicable guidelines contained in the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," these special provisions, any special details and highway standards contained herein, and in the plans.

At the pre-construction meeting, the Contractor shall furnish the name of the individual in his direct employment who is to be responsible for the installation and maintenance of the traffic control for this project. If the actual installation and maintenance are to be accomplished by a subcontractor, consent shall be requested of the Engineer at the time of the pre-construction meeting in accordance with Article 108.01 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. This shall not relieve the Contractor of the foregoing requirement for a responsible individual in his direct employ. The Department will provide the Contractor the name of its representative who will be responsible for the administration of the Traffic Control Plan.

Special attention is called to Articles 107.09, 107.14, 107.15, and Section 701 of the "Standard Specifications" and the following (1) Highway Standards, (2) Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions and (3) other special provisions related to traffic control:

- 1. <u>Highway Standards</u>: 701301-04, 701306-03 and 701901-09.
- 2. Supplemental Specifications/Recurring Special Provisions: Adopted January 1, 2024.
- 3. Signs shall be erected as shown on Standard 701901-09. All signs and will be supplied and erected by the Contractor.
- 4. All traffic control for this project including relocation of existing permanent signs shall be considered incidental to this contract.

Construction signs and channelizing devices shall meet the requirements of Section 1106 of the Standard Specifications Road and Bridge Construction adopted January 1, 2022.

Should the Contractor need to install temporary Hot Mix Asphalt ramps at all bumps created by the different stages of construction as directed by the Engineer, this work will not be paid for separately, but will be considered incidental to the contract.

State of Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Local Roads and Streets

SPECIAL PROVISION FOR INSURANCE

Effective: February 1, 2007 Revised: August 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

The Contractor shall name the following entities as additional insured under the Contractor's general liability insurance policy in accordance with Article 107.27:

Rooks Creek Road District	
19642 N 800 East Road	
Graymont, IL 61743	

The entities listed above and their officers, employees, and agents shall be indemnified and held harmless in accordance with Article 107.26.

State of Illinois DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Bureau of Local Roads & Streets

SPECIAL PROVISION FOR HOT IN-PLACE RECYCLING (HIR) – SURFACE RECYCLING

Effective: January 1, 2012

All references to Sections and Articles in this Special Provision shall be construed to mean specific Sections and Articles in the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted by the Department of Transportation.

Description. This work shall consist of in-place rehabilitation of hot-mix asphalt (HMA) pavement by heating, scarifying, rejuvenating, and reshaping the surface followed by the addition of a new HMA surface course according to the thickness specified on the plans.

Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

- Note 1. The rejuvenating agent shall have a minimum Aged Penetration Retention of 90% when tested according to the following test procedure:
 - a. Determine the penetration¹ of an unaged standard PG 58-22 asphalt binder.
 - b. Age² the asphalt binder in the Rolling Thin Film Oven (RTFO).
 - c. Determine the penetration of the aged binder (A).
 - d. Add the rejuvenating agent or rejuvenating agent residue³ at the percentage recommended by the manufacturer (maximum 20% by weight) to the aged binder. Blend uniformly.
 - e. Determine the penetration¹ of the rejuvenating agent / aged binder mixture. The penetration of this mixture shall be essentially equivalent to the penetration of the unaged PG 58-22.
 - f. Age² the rejuvenating agent / aged binder mixture in the RTFO.
 - g. Determine the penetration¹ of the aged rejuvenating agent / aged binder mixture (B).
 - h. Determine the Aged Penetration Retention according to the following formula:

Aged Penetration Retention, % = (B/A)x100

AASHTO T 49 at 77°F (25°C).

² AASHTO T 240 aged for 5 hours at 325°F (163°C).

If the rejuvenating agent is an emulsion, obtain the residue according to the test procedure "Emulsified Asphalt Residue by Evaporation" located in AASHTO T 59.

Equipment. Equipment shall be according to the following.

- (b) Pre-heater (Note 1)
- (c) Heater-Scarifier (Note 2)
- Note 1. The pre-heater shall be a separate independently self-propelled heating unit.
- Note 2. The heater-scarifier shall be self-contained, power propelled unit capable of heating, scarifying, adding rejuvenating agent, mixing, and screeding the scarified asphalt surface.

The heating system shall use propane, fuel oil, or butane as fuel, capable of being turned on or off instantly and have a range of width to heat 4-inches beyond each side of the lane width. Heating of the asphalt pavement surface shall be accomplished in such a manner that adequate heat penetration is provided without excessive oxidation, or direct flame contact with the asphalt street. The heaters shall have an enclosed or shielded hood and allow for the pavement to be scarified to the specified depth with the surface temperature of the old pavement not exceeding 375°F (190°C). The machine shall be equipped with a minimum of two rows of spring-mounted scarification teeth. Teeth shall be evenly spaced with the rows offset by an amount equal to one-half of the tooth spacing. Teeth shall be capable of vertical movement, such that the rows of the teeth will follow any contours in the street profile to scarify to the required depth regardless of depression or high areas. Self-regulating controls shall be used to exert pressure from the weight of the machine onto the tooth mounting system, and to control the depth of scarification. The aggregate shall be dislodged, but not fractured, to the specified depth.

The machine shall be capable of adding rejuvenating agent uniformly over the area to be scarified at a uniform rate per distance traveled.

The machine shall be capable of lateral movement of the scarified materials as required, by using a reversible auger and/or adjustable blades. This system shall be capable of maintaining a uniform supply of scarified material distributed as required across the face if the spreader screed.

The heater-scarifier shall be equipped with an automatic electronic grade control device. The device shall be effective in leveling depressions. The device shall be capable of controlling the elevation of the screed relative to either a preset grade control string line or a grade reference device traveling on the adjacent pavement surface. The traveling grade reference device shall be not less than 30 ft (9 m) in length.

The screed or strike off assembly shall effectively produce a finished surface of the required evenness and texture without tearing, shoving or gouging the mixture.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

General. The entire surface to be rehabilitated shall be free of water, soil, vegetation, and foreign material. All base failures shall be repaired prior to the heating scarifying process according to Section 358. Rehabilitation work shall be performed only when the air temperature in the shade is at least 45 °F (7 °C) and the forecast is for rising temperatures.

The surface of the existing pavement shall be heated with a continuously moving heater to allow the pavement to be scarified to a 0.75 to 1.5 in (20 to 38 mm) average depth with the surface temperature of the old pavement not to exceed 375 °F (190 °C). Heat shall be applied under an enclosed or shielded hood and shall extend at least 4 in. (100 mm) beyond the width of scarification on both sides. Scarifying shall be accomplished with pressure scarifiers. The scarifying unit shall be equipped to scarify and move material away from the gutter flags for a depth of 1/2 in. (13 mm) by 4 in. (100 mm) wide. The heating-scarifying operation shall not exceed 30 ft (10 m) per minute. When a repaving pass is being made adjacent to a previously placed mat, the longitudinal repaving seam shall extend at least 2 in. (50 mm) into the previously placed mat.

Immediately after the scarifying operation, the rejuvenating agent shall be applied at the maximum rate of 0.20 gal/sq yd (0.5 L/sq m). The actual rate will be determined by the Contractor based on pavement condition, rejuvenating agent, and pavement samples. The Contractor will provide the Engineer with the application rate prior to construction. The application rate should not vary by more than \pm 0.03 gal/sq yd (\pm 0.1 L/sq m) unless existing pavement conditions change. Any modification of the application rate shall be approved by the Engineer. The surface shall then be leveled by distributing the heated, scarified and treated (HST) material over the width being processed so as to produce a uniform cross section. The minimum temperature of the HST material after leveling shall be 175 °F (80 °C). The HST material shall be compacted before the temperature of the mix drops below 150 °F (65 °C).

Compaction shall be accomplished by performing a growth curve within the first half mile of production. If an adjustment is made to the rejuvenating agent's application rate, the Engineer reserves the right to request an additional growth curve. The growth curve, consisting of a plot of lb/cu ft (kg/cu m) vs. number of passes with the project breakdown roller, shall be developed. Roller speed during the growth curve testing shall be the same as the normal paving operation. This curve shall be established by use of a nuclear gauge. Tests shall be taken after each pass until the highest lb/cu ft (kg/cu m) is obtained. This value shall be the target density.

A new growth curve is required if the breakdown roller used on the growth curve is replaced with a new roller during production. The target density shall apply only to the specific gauge used. If additional gauges are to be used to determine density specification compliance, the Contractor shall establish a unique minimum allowable target density from the growth curve location for each gauge.

TABLE 1 - MINIMUM ROLLER REQUIREMENTS FOR HIR – SURFACE RECYCLING					
Breakdown Roller (one of the following) ¹	Intermediate Roller	Final Roller (one or more of the following) ¹	Density Requirement		
V _D , P		V_S, T_B, T_F	95 - 102 percent of the target density obtained on the growth curve		

^{1/} Equipment definitions in Table 1 of Article 406.07.

Within 48 hours of the HST operation, a HMA surface course specified in the plans shall be placed according to Section 406.

Method of Measurement.

- (a) Contract Quantities. The requirement for use of contract quantities shall be according to Article 202.07(a).
- (b) Measured Quantities. The hot in-place recycling surface recycling will be measured for payment in place and the area computed in square yards (square meters). The rejuvenating agent will be measured for payment in gallons (liters) according to Article 1032.02. The HMA surface will be measured for payment in tons (metric tons) according to Article 406.13.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for HOT IN-PLACE RECYCLING – SURFACE RECYCLING, and per gallon (liter) for REJUVENATING AGENT.

The HMA surface will be paid for according to Article 406.14

If provided as a pay item, the preparation of the base will be paid for according to Article 358.07. If not provided as a pay item, preparation of the base, including additional material required, shall be considered as included in the contract unit price bid for hot in-place recycling, and no additional compensation will be allowed.

State of Illinois DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Bureau of Local Roads & Streets SPECIAL PROVISION FOR

LOCAL QUALITY ASSURANCE/ QUALITY MANAGEMENT QC/QA Effective: January 1, 2022

Replace the first five paragraphs of Article 1030.06 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"1030.06 Quality Management Program. The Quality Management Program (QMP) will be Quality Control / Quality Assurance (QC/QA) according to the following."

Delete Article 1030.06(d)(1) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Article 1030.09(g)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(3) If core testing is the density verification method, the Contractor shall provide personnel and equipment to collect density verification cores for the Engineer. Core locations will be determined by the Engineer following the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt QC/QA Procedure for Determining Random Density Locations" at density verification intervals defined in Article 1030.09(b). After the Engineer identifies a density verification location and prior to opening to traffic, the Contractor shall cut a 4 in. (100 mm) diameter core. With the approval of the Engineer, the cores may be cut at a later time."

Revise Article 1030.09(h)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(2) After final rolling and prior to paving subsequent lifts, the Engineer will identify the random density verification test locations. Cores or nuclear density gauge testing will be used for density verification. The method used for density verification will be as selected below.

	Density Verification Method			
X	Cores			
	Nuclear Density Gauge (Correlated when paving ≥ 3,000 tons per mixture)			

Density verification test locations will be determined according to the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt QC/QA Procedure for Determining Random Density Locations". The density testing interval for paving wider than or equal to 3 ft (1 m) will be 0.5 miles (800 m) for lift thicknesses of 3 in. (75 mm) or less and 0.2 miles (320 m) for lift thicknesses greater than 3 in. (75 mm). The density testing interval for paving less than 3 ft (1 m) wide will be 1 mile (1,600 m). If a day's paving will be less than the prescribed density testing interval, the length of the day's paving will be the interval for that day. The density testing interval for mixtures used for patching will be 50 patches with a minimum of one test per mixture per project.

If core testing is the density verification method, the Engineer will witness the Contractor coring, and secure and take possession of all density samples at the

density verification locations. The Engineer will test the cores collected by the Contractor for density according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 166 or AASHTO T 275.

If nuclear density gauge testing is the density verification method, the Engineer will conduct nuclear density gauge tests. The Engineer will follow the density testing procedure detailed in the document "Illinois Modified ASTM D 2950, Standard Test Method for Density of Bituminous Concrete In-Place by Nuclear Method".

A density verification test will be the result of a single core or the average of the nuclear density tests at one location. The results of each density test must be within acceptable limits. The Engineer will promptly notify the Contractor of observed deficiencies."

Revise the seventh paragraph and all subsequent paragraphs in Section D. of the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt QC/QA Initial Daily Plant and Random Samples" to read:

"Mixtures shall be sampled from the truck at the plant by the Contractor following the same procedure used to collect QC mixture samples (Section A). This process will be witnessed by the Engineer who will take custody of the verification sample. Each sample bag with a verification mixture sample will be secured by the Engineer using a locking ID tag. Sample boxes containing the verification mixture sample will be sealed/taped by the Engineer using a security ID label."

BDE SPECIAL PROVISIONS For the April 26 and June 14, 2024 Lettings

The following special provisions indicated by a "check mark" are applicable to this contract and will be included by the Project Coordination and Implementation Section of the Bureau of Design & Environment (BDE).

Fil	e Name	#		Special Provision Title	Effective	Revised
<u> </u>	80099		П	Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS)	April 1, 2003	Jan. 1, 2022
			H			
	80274		H	Automated Flagger Assistance Devices	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2022
	80192		님	Automated Flagger Assistance Devices	Jan. 1, 2008	April 1, 2023
	80173		닏	Bituminous Materials Cost Adjustments	Nov. 2, 2006	Aug. 1, 2017
	80426		닏	Bituminous Surface Treatment with Fog Seal	Jan. 1, 2020	Jan. 1, 2022
*	80241		닏	Bridge Demolition Debris	July 1, 2009	
*	5053I	7	Ш	Building Removal	Sept. 1, 1990	Aug. 1, 2022
*	50261	8	Ш	Building Removal with Asbestos Abatement	Sept. 1, 1990	Aug. 1, 2022
	80449	9	Ш	Cement, Type IL	Aug. 1, 2023	
	80384	10	✓	Compensable Delay Costs	June 2, 2017	April 1, 2019
*	80198	11		Completion Date (via calendar days)	April 1, 2008	
*	80199	12		Completion Date (via calendar days) Plus Working Days	April 1, 2008	
	80453	13		Concrete Sealer	Nov. 1, 2023	
	80261	14		Construction Air Quality – Diesel Retrofit	June 1, 2010	Nov. 1, 2014
	80434	15	П	Corrugated Plastic Pipe (Culvert and Storm Sewer)	Jan. 1, 2021	
*	80029	16	П	Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation	Sept. 1, 2000	Mar. 2, 2019
	80229	17	П	Fuel Cost Adjustment	April 1, 2009	Aug. 1, 2017
	80452		П	Full Lane Sealant Waterproofing System	Nov. 1, 2023	J ,
	80447		П	Grading and Shaping Ditches	Jan. 1, 2023	
	80433		П	Green Preformed Thermoplastic Pavement Markings	Jan. 1, 2021	Jan. 1, 2022
	80443		Ħ	High Tension Cable Median Barrier Removal	April 1, 2022	.,
	80456	22	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Hot-Mix Asphalt	Jan. 1, 2024	
	80446		Ħ	Hot-Mix Asphalt - Longitudinal Joint Sealant	Nov. 1, 2022	Aug. 1, 2023
	80438		П	Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative – State Funded Contracts	June 2, 2021	April 2, 2024
	80045		Ħ	Material Transfer Device	June 15, 1999	Jan. 1, 2022
	80450		Ħ	Mechanically Stabilized Earth Retaining Walls	Aug. 1, 2023	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	80441	27	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Performance Graded Asphalt Binder	Jan. 1, 2023	
	80451		Ħ	Portland Cement Concrete	Aug. 1, 2023	
*	34261	29	П	Railroad Protective Liability Insurance	Dec. 1, 1986	Jan. 1, 2022
	80455		V	Removal and Disposal of Regulated Substances	Jan. 1, 2024	April 1, 2024
	80445		Ħ	Seeding	Nov. 1, 2022	7 pm 1, 2024
	80457		П	Short Term and Temporary Pavement Markings	April 1, 2024	
	80448	33	Ħ	Source of Supply and Quality Requirements	Jan. 2, 2023	
	80340		Ħ	Speed Display Trailer	April 2, 2014	Jan. 1, 2022
	80127		H	Steel Cost Adjustment	April 2, 2004	Jan. 1, 2022
	80397		H	Subcontractor and DBE Payment Reporting	April 2, 2018	Jan. 1, 2022
	80391		H	Subcontractor Mobilization Payments	Nov. 2, 2017	April 1, 2019
	80437		H	Submission of Payroll Records	April 1, 2021	Nov. 2, 2023
	80435		H	Surface Testing of Pavements – IRI	Jan. 1, 2021	Jan. 1, 2023
	80410		H			Jan. 1, 2023
*			H	Traffic Spotters	Jan. 1, 2019	Cont 2 2021
	20338		H	Training Special Provisions Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course	Oct. 15, 1975	Sept. 2, 2021
	80429		H		April 1, 2020	Jan. 1, 2022
	80439		H	Vehicle and Equipment Warning Lights	Nov. 1, 2021	Nov. 1, 2022
	80302		H	Weekly DBE Trucking Reports	June 2, 2012	Nov. 1, 2021
	80454	45 46	片	Work Zone Treffic Central Devices	Nov. 1, 2023	
*	80427			Work Zone Traffic Control Devices	Mar. 2, 2020	
•	80071	47	\checkmark	Working Days	Jan. 1, 2002	

Highlighted items indicate a new or revised special provision for the letting.

An * indicates the special provision requires additional information from the designer, which needs to be submitted separately. The Project Coordination and Implementation Section will then include the information in the applicable special provision.

The following special provisions are in the 2024 Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions.

<u>File Name</u>	Special Provision Title	New Location(s)	<u>Effective</u>	Revised
80436	Blended Finely Divided Minerals	Articles 1010.01 & 1010.06	April 1, 2021	
80440	Waterproofing Membrane System	Article 1061.05	Nov. 1, 2021	

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017 Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
 - (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
 - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.
 - Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).
 - (2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the

Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
 - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
 - (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead

other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and

	One Clerk
	One Project Manager,
Over \$50,000,000	Two Project Superintendents,
Over \$50,000,000	One Engineer, and
	One Clerk

- (2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.
- (c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

80384

HOT-MIX ASPHALT (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2024

Revise the second paragraph of Articles 1030.07(a)(11) and 1030.08(a)(9) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When establishing the target density, the HMA maximum theoretical specific gravity (G_{mm}) will be based on the running average of four available Department test results for that project. If less than four G_{mm} test results are available, an average of all available Department test results for that project will be used. The initial G_{mm} will be the last available Department test result from a QMP project. If there is no available Department test result from a QMP project, the Department mix design verification test result will be used as the initial G_{mm} ."

In the Supplemental Specifications, replace the revision for the end of the third paragraph of Article 1030.09(h)(2) with the following:

"When establishing the target density, the HMA maximum theoretical specific gravity (G_{mm}) will be the Department mix design verification test result."

Revise the tenth paragraph of Article 1030.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Production is not required to stop after a test strip has been constructed."

80456

PERFORMANCE GRADED ASPHALT BINDER (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2023

Revise Article 1032.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1032.05 Performance Graded Asphalt Binder. These materials will be accepted according to the Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Qualification Procedure." The Department will maintain a qualified producer list. These materials shall be free from water and shall not foam when heated to any temperature below the actual flash point. Air blown asphalt, recycle engine oil bottoms (ReOB), and polyphosphoric acid (PPA) modification shall not be used.

When requested, producers shall provide the Engineer with viscosity/temperature relationships for the performance graded asphalt binders delivered and incorporated in the work.

(a) Performance Graded (PG) Asphalt Binder. The asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 320, Table 1 "Standard Specification for Performance Graded Asphalt Binder" for the grade shown on the plans and the following.

Test	Parameter
Small Strain Parameter (AASHTO PP 113) BBR, ΔTc, 40 hrs PAV (40 hrs continuous or 2 PAV at 20 hrs)	-5 °C min.

(b) Modified Performance Graded (PG) Asphalt Binder. The asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 320, Table 1 "Standard Specification for Performance Graded Asphalt Binder" for the grade shown on the plans.

Asphalt binder modification shall be performed at the source, as defined in the Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Qualification Procedure."

Modified asphalt binder shall be safe to handle at asphalt binder production and storage temperatures or HMA construction temperatures. Safety Data Sheets (SDS) shall be provided for all asphalt modifiers.

(1) Polymer Modification (SB/SBS or SBR). Elastomers shall be added to the base asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade and shall be either a styrene-butadiene diblock, triblock copolymer without oil extension, or a styrenebutadiene rubber. The polymer modified asphalt binder shall be smooth, homogeneous, and be according to the requirements shown in Table 1 or 2 for the grade shown on the plans.

Table 1 - Requirements for Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer (SB/SBS) Modified Asphalt Binders														
Test	Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-28 SB/SBS PG 70-22	Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-34 SB/SBS PG 70-28 SB/SBS PG 76-22 SB/SBS PG 76-28												
Separation of Polymer ITP, "Separation of Polymer from Asphalt Binder" Difference in °F (°C) of the softening point between top and bottom portions	4 (2) max.	4 (2) max.												
TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240)														
Elastic Recovery ASTM D 6084, Procedure A, 77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, % 60 min. 70 min.														

Table 2 - Requirements for Styrene-Butadiene Rubber (SBR) Modified Asphalt Binders												
Test	Asphalt Grade SBR PG 64-28 SBR PG 70-22	Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-34 SB/SBS PG 70-28 SBR PG 76-22 SBR PG 76-28										
Separation of Polymer												
ITP, "Separation of Polymer from Asphalt												
Binder"												
Difference in °F (°C) of the softening												
point between top and bottom portions	4 (2) max.	4 (2) max.										
Toughness												
ASTM D 5801, 77 °F (25 °C),	440 (40 =)	440 (40 =)										
20 in./min. (500 mm/min.), inlbs (N-m)	110 (12.5) min.	110 (12.5) min.										
Tenacity												
ASTM D 5801, 77 °F (25 °C),	(0 -)	(o -) ·										
20 in./min. (500 mm/min.), inlbs (N-m)	75 (8.5) min.	75 (8.5) min.										
TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 2												
Elastic Recovery												
ASTM D 6084, Procedure A,												
77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, %	40 min.	50 min.										

(2) Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Modification. GTR modification is the addition of recycled ground tire rubber to liquid asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade. GTR shall be produced from processing automobile and/or truck tires by the ambient

grinding method or micronizing through a cryogenic process. GTR shall not exceed 1/16 in. (2 mm) in any dimension and shall not contain free metal particles, moisture that would cause foaming of the asphalt, or other foreign materials. A mineral powder (such as talc) meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 17 may be added, up to a maximum of four percent by weight of GTR to reduce sticking and caking of the GTR particles. When tested in accordance with Illinois Modified AASHTO T 27 "Standard Method of Test for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates" or AASHTO PP 74 "Standard Practice for Determination of Size and Shape of Glass Beads Used in Traffic Markings by Means of Computerized Optical Method", a 50 g sample of the GTR shall conform to the following gradation requirements.

Sieve Size	Percent Passing
No. 16 (1.18 mm)	100
No. 30 (600 µm)	95 ± 5
No. 50 (300 µm)	> 20

GTR modified asphalt binder shall be tested for rotational viscosity according to AASHTO T 316 using spindle S27. GTR modified asphalt binder shall be tested for original dynamic shear and RTFO dynamic shear according to AASHTO T 315 using a gap of 2 mm.

The GTR modified asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of Table 3.

Table 3 - Requirements for Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Modified Asphalt Binders												
Test	Asphalt Grade GTR PG 64-28 GTR PG 70-22	Asphalt Grade GTR PG 76-22 GTR PG 76-28 GTR PG 70-28										
TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING	THIN FILM OVEN TE	ST (AASHTO T 240)										
Elastic Recovery ASTM D 6084, Procedure A, 77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, % 60 min. 70 min.												

(3) Softener Modification (SM). Softener modification is the addition of organic compounds, such as engineered flux, bio-oil blends, modified vegetable oils, glycol amines, and fatty acid derivatives, to the base asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade. Softeners shall be dissolved, dispersed, or reacted in the asphalt binder to enhance its performance and shall remain compatible with the asphalt binder with no separation. Softeners shall not be added to modified PG asphalt binder as defined in Articles 1032.05(b)(1) or 1032.05(b)(2).

An Attenuated Total Reflectance-Fourier Transform Infrared spectrum (ATR-FTIR) shall be collected for both the softening compound as well as the softener modified

asphalt binder at the dose intended for qualification. The ATR-FTIR spectra shall be collected on unaged softener modified binder, 20-hour Pressurized Aging Vessel (PAV) aged softener modified binder, and 40-hour PAV aged softener modified binder. The ATR-FTIR shall be collected in accordance with Illinois Test Procedure 601. The electronic files spectral files (in one of the following extensions or equivalent: *.SPA, *.SPG, *.IRD, *.IFG, *.CSV, *.SP, *.IRS, *.GAML, *.[0-9], *.IGM, *.ABS, *.DRT, *.SBM, *.RAS) shall be submitted to the Central Bureau of Materials.

Softener modified asphalt binders shall meet the requirements in Table 4.

Table 4 - Requirements for Sof	ftener Modified Asphalt Binders						
	Asphalt Grade						
	SM PG 46-28	SM PG 46-34					
Test	SM PG 52-28	SM PG 52-34					
	SM PG 58-22	SM PG 58-28					
	SM PG 64-22						
Small Strain Parameter (AASHTO PP 113)							
BBR, ΔTc, 40 hrs PAV (40 hrs	-5°C min.						
continuous or 2 PAV at 20 hrs)							
Large Strain Parameter (Illinois Modified							
AASHTO T 391) DSR/LAS Fatigue	\	E 1 0/					
Property, Δ G* peak τ, 40 hrs PAV	≥ 54 %						
(40 hrs continuous or 2 PAV at 20 hrs)							

The following grades may be specified as tack coats.

Asphalt Grade	Use
PG 58-22, PG 58-28, PG 64-22	Tack Coat"

Revise Article 1031.06(c)(1) and 1031.06(c)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(1) RAP/RAS. When RAP is used alone or RAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin ABR shall not exceed the amounts listed in the following table.

HMA Mixtures - RAP/RAS Maximum ABR % 1/2/												
Ndesign Binder Surface Polymer Modified Binder or Surface ^{3/}												
30	30	30	10									
50	25	15	10									
70	15	10	10									
90	10	10	10									

1/ For Low ESAL HMA shoulder and stabilized subbase, the RAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.

- 2/ When RAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28).
- 3/ The maximum ABR percentages for ground tire rubber (GTR) modified mixes shall be equivalent to the percentages specified for SBS/SBR polymer modified mixes.
- (2) FRAP/RAS. When FRAP is used alone or FRAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin asphalt binder replacement shall not exceed the amounts listed in the following table.

HMA	HMA Mixtures - FRAP/RAS Maximum ABR % 1/2/												
Ndesign	Binder	Surface	Polymer Modified Binder or Surface ^{3/}										
30	55	45	15										
50	45	40	15										
70	45	35	15										
90	45	35	15										
SMA			25										
IL-4.75			35										

- 1/ For Low ESAL HMA shoulder and stabilized subbase, the FRAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.
- 2/ When FRAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent for all mixes, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28).
- 3/ The maximum ABR percentages for GTR modified mixes shall be equivalent to the percentages specified for SBS/SBR polymer modified mixes."

Add the following to the end of Note 2 of Article 1030.03 of the Standard Specifications.

"A dedicated storage tank for the ground tire rubber (GTR) modified asphalt binder shall be provided. This tank shall be capable of providing continuous mechanical mixing throughout and/or recirculation of the asphalt binder to provide a uniform mixture. The tank shall be heated and capable of maintaining the temperature of the asphalt binder at 300 °F to 350 °F (149 °C to 177 °C). The asphalt binder metering systems of dryer drum plants shall be calibrated with the actual GTR modified asphalt binder material with an accuracy of ± 0.40 percent."

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2024 Revised: April 1, 2024

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"669.04 Regulated Substances Monitoring. Regulated substances monitoring includes environmental observation and field screening during regulated substances management activities. The excavated soil and groundwater within the work areas shall be managed as either uncontaminated soil, hazardous waste, special waste, or non-special waste.

As part of the regulated substances monitoring, the monitoring personnel shall perform and document the applicable duties listed on form BDE 2732 "Regulated Substances Monitoring Daily Record (RSMDR)"."

Revise the first two sentences of the nineteenth paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The Contractor shall coordinate waste disposal approvals with the disposal facility and provide the specific analytical testing requirements of that facility. The Contractor shall make all arrangements for collection, transportation, and analysis of landfill acceptance testing."

Revise the last paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The Contractor shall select a permitted landfill facility or CCDD/USFO facility meeting the requirements of 35 III. Admin. Code Parts 810-814 or Part 1100, respectively. The Department will review and approve or reject the facility proposed by the Contractor based upon information provided in BDE 2730. The Contractor shall verify whether the selected facility is compliant with those applicable standards as mandated by their permit and whether the facility is presently, has previously been, or has never been, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) National Priorities List or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) List of Violating Facilities. The use of a Contractor selected facility shall in no manner delay the construction schedule or alter the Contractor's responsibilities as set forth."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"669.07 Temporary Staging. Soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option. All other soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) shall be managed and disposed of without temporary staging to the greatest extent practicable. If circumstances beyond the Contractor's control require temporary staging of these latter materials, the Contractor shall request approval from the Engineer in writing.

Topsoil for re-use as final cover which has been field screened and found not to exhibit PID readings over daily background readings as documented on the BDE 2732, visual staining or

odors, and is classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(4), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option."

Add the following paragraph after the sixth paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications.

"The sampling and testing of effluent water derived from dewatering discharges for priority pollutants volatile organic compounds (VOCs), priority pollutants semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), or priority pollutants metals, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for VOCS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Method 8260B, SVOCS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 8270C, or RCRA METALS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 6010B and 7471A. This price shall include transporting the sample from the job site to the laboratory."

Revise the first sentence of the eight paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Payment for temporary staging of soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) to be managed and disposed of, if required and approved by the Engineer, will be paid according to Article 109.04."

80455

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: March 2, 2020

Add the following to Article 701.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(q) Temporary Sign Supports1106.02"

Revise the third paragraph of Article 701.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"For temporary sign supports, the Contractor shall provide a FHWA eligibility letter for each device used on the contract. The letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device. The signs shall be supported within 20 degrees of vertical. Weights used to stabilize signs shall be attached to the sign support per the manufacturer's specifications."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"701.15 Traffic Control Devices. For devices that must meet crashworthiness standards, the Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's self-certification or a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 1 device and a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The self-certification or letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device."

Revise the first six paragraphs of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1106.02 Devices. Work zone traffic control devices and combinations of devices shall meet crashworthiness standards for their respective categories. The categories are as follows.

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, plastic drums, and delineators, with no attachments (e.g. lights). Category 1 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 1 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include vertical panels with lights, barricades, temporary sign supports, and Category 1 devices with attachments (e.g. drums with lights). Category 2 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 2 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions (impact

attenuators), truck mounted attenuators, and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 3 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2029. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested for Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals, and area lighting supports. It is preferable for Category 4 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 to be MASH-16 compliant; however, there are currently no crash tested devices in this category, so it remains exempt from the NCHRP 350 or MASH compliance requirement.

For each type of device, when no more than one MASH-16 compliant is available, an NCHRP 350 or MASH-2009 compliant device may be used, even if manufactured after December 31, 2019."

Revise Articles 1106.02(g), 1106.02(k), and 1106.02(l) to read:

- "(g) Truck Mounted/Trailer Mounted Attenuators. The attenuator shall be approved for use at Test Level 3. Test Level 2 may be used for normal posted speeds less than or equal to 45 mph.
- (k) Temporary Water Filled Barrier. The water filled barrier shall be a lightweight plastic shell designed to accept water ballast and be on the Department's qualified product list.
 - Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings.
- (I) Movable Traffic Barrier. The movable traffic barrier shall be on the Department's qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings. The barrier shall be capable of being moved on and off the roadway on a daily basis."

WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within 5 working days.

80071

							Overtime									
Trade Title	Rg	Туре	С	Base	Foreman	M-F	Sa	Su	Hol	H/W	Pension	Vac	Trng	Other Ins	Add OT 1.5x owed	Add OT 2.0x owed
ASBESTOS ABT-GEN	All	BLD		35.32	36.57	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.50	17.54	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
ASBESTOS ABT-GEN	All	HWY		38.87	40.37	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.50	18.04	0.00	0.90		2.75	5.50
ASBESTOS ABT-MEC	All	BLD		40.59	43.84	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	15.22	15.16	0.00	0.88		2.80	5.60
BOILERMAKER	All	BLD		43.54	46.54	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	7.07	24.29	0.00	2.18	0.00	16.38	32.76
BRICK MASON	All	BLD		42.07	43.07	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.89	16.25	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
CARPENTER	All	BLD		36.09	38.34	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.45	21.29	0.00	0.79	0.00	15.37	30.74
CARPENTER	All	HWY		38.97	41.23	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.45	23.20	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
CEMENT MASON	N	ALL		43.44	47.79	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	12.10	17.33	0.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
CEMENT MASON	S	ALL		37.53	39.53	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	7.75	19.81	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
CERAMIC TILE FINISHER	All	BLD		38.56		1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.95	11.58	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
ELECTRIC PWR EQMT OP	All	ALL		52.63	62.45	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.58	14.74	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
ELECTRIC PWR GRNDMAN	All	ALL		35.76	62.45	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.07	10.01	0.00	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
ELECTRIC PWR LINEMAN	All	ALL		58.58	62.45	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.76	16.40	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
ELECTRIC PWR TRK DRV	All	ALL		37.53	62.45	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.13	10.51	0.00	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
ELECTRICIAN	All	BLD		47.06	51.77	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.35	12.49	0.00	0.71	0.00	1.06	2.12
ELECTRONIC SYSTEM TECH	All	BLD		35.29	38.29	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.35	12.21	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.53	1.06
ELEVATOR CONSTRUCTOR	All	BLD		55.57	62.52	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	16.17	20.96	4.45	0.75		0.00	0.00
GLAZIER	All	BLD		38.59	40.59	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	15.98	9.55	0.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEAT/FROST INSULATOR	All	BLD		54.12	57.37	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	15.22	17.86	0.00	0.88		4.15	8.30
IRON WORKER	Е	ALL		46.70	51.37	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	13.81	26.03	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
IRON WORKER	W	ALL		46.70	51.37	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	13.81	25.13	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LABORER	All	BLD		34.32	35.57	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.50	17.54	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
LABORER	All	HWY		37.87	39.37	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.50	18.04	0.00	0.80	0.00	2.75	5.50
LABORER, SKILLED	All	BLD		34.32	35.57	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.50	17.54	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
LABORER, SKILLED	All	HWY		37.87	39.37	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.50	18.04	0.00	0.80	0.00	2.75	5.50
LATHER	All	BLD		36.09	38.34	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.45	21.29	0.00	0.79	0.00	15.37	30.74
MACHINIST	All	BLD		55.74	59.74	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.93	8.95	1.85	1.47		0.00	0.00

MARBLE FINISHER	All	BLD		38.56		1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.95	11.58	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
MARBLE MASON	All	BLD		41.38	42.38	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.95	13.74	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
MILLWRIGHT	All	BLD		35.58	37.83	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.45	22.24	0.00	0.79	0.00	15.85	31.69
MILLWRIGHT	All	HWY		40.10	42.35	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.45	22.70	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	1	54.80	58.80	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	2	53.50	58.80	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	22.95	22.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	3	50.95	58.80	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	4	49.20	58.80	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	5	56.80	58.80	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	6	57.80	58.80	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	7	55.80	58.80	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	1	54.80	58.80	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	2	54.25	58.80	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	3	52.20	58.80	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	4	50.80	58.80	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	5	49.60	58.80	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	6	57.80	58.80	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	7	55.80	58.80	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	22.95	20.05	2.00	2.70		0.00	0.00
PAINTER	All	ALL	П	40.00	42.00	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	16.96	8.59	0.00	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
PAINTER - SIGNS	All	BLD	П	45.49	51.09	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.20	16.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PILEDRIVER	All	BLD	П	37.09	39.34	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.45	21.29	0.00	0.79	0.00	15.37	30.74
PILEDRIVER	All	HWY	П	39.97	42.22	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.45	23.20	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
PIPEFITTER	N	BLD	П	55.00	58.00	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	12.65	22.85	0.00	3.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
PIPEFITTER	S	BLD	П	47.80	52.58	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.25	14.85	0.00	1.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
PLASTERER	N	BLD	П	48.75	51.68	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	17.33	20.33	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
PLASTERER	S	BLD		33.00	35.00	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.00	23.38	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
PLUMBER	N	BLD		56.80	60.20	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	17.00	17.29	0.00	1.73		0.00	0.00
PLUMBER	S	BLD		47.80	52.58	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.25	14.85	0.00	1.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
ROOFER	E	BLD	П	49.25	54.25	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.83	16.14	0.00	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
ROOFER	W	BLD	П	34.00	38.25	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	10.75	13.04	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
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SHEETMETAL WORKER	All	BLD		54.25	56.96	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	13.60	19.43	0.00	1.59	2.62	0.00	0.00
SPRINKLER FITTER	All	BLD		47.09	50.09	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.45	14.92	0.00	0.52		0.00	0.00
STONE MASON	All	BLD		42.07	43.07	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	11.89	16.25	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
TERRAZZO FINISHER	All	BLD		38.56		1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.95	11.58	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
TILE MASON	All	BLD		41.38	42.38	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.95	13.74	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER	NW	ALL	1	42.17	46.53	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	15.39	7.45	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER	NW	ALL	2	42.76	46.53	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	15.39	7.45	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER	NW	ALL	3	43.03	46.53	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	15.39	7.45	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER	NW	ALL	4	43.42	46.53	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	15.39	7.45	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER	NW	ALL	5	44.52	46.53	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	15.39	7.45	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER	SE	ALL	1	43.70	44.25	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.15	13.26	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER	SE	ALL	2	43.85	44.25	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.15	13.26	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER	SE	ALL	3	44.05	44.25	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.15	13.26	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER	SE	ALL	4	44.25	44.25	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.15	13.26	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
TUCKPOINTER	All	BLD		42.07	43.07	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.89	16.25	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00

<u>Legend</u>

Rg Region

Type Trade Type - All, Highway, Building, Floating, Oil & Chip, Rivers

C Class

Base Base Wage Rate

OT M-F Unless otherwise noted, OT pay is required for any hour greater than 8 worked each day, Mon through Fri. The number listed is the multiple of the base wage.

OT Sa Overtime pay required for every hour worked on Saturdays

OT Su Overtime pay required for every hour worked on Sundays

OT Hol Overtime pay required for every hour worked on Holidays

H/W Health/Welfare benefit

Vac Vacation

Trng Training

Other Ins Employer hourly cost for any other type(s) of insurance provided for benefit of worker.

Explanations LIVINGSTON COUNTY

CEMENT MASONS & PLASTERER - N That part of the county north of Illinois Route 116 and including all of the City of Pontiac.

IRONWORKERS - E East of I-55 from the northern boundary through Cayuga then East of a North-South line to a point East of Weston.

PLUMBERS & PIPEFITTERS - S That part of the county South of Rt. 116 including the City of Pontiac.

TRUCK DRIVERS - NW Townships of Reading, New Town, Sunbury, Nevada, Long Point and Amity.

The following list is considered as those days for which holiday rates of wages for work performed apply: New Years Day, Memorial Day, Fourth of July, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day and Veterans Day in some classifications/counties. Generally, any of these holidays which fall on a Sunday is celebrated on the following Monday. This then makes work performed on that Monday payable at the appropriate overtime rate for holiday pay. Common practice in a given local may alter certain days of celebration. If in doubt, please check with IDOL.

EXPLANATION OF CLASSES

ASBESTOS - GENERAL - removal of asbestos material/mold and hazardous materials from any place in a building, including mechanical systems where those mechanical systems are to be removed. This includes the removal of asbestos materials/mold and hazardous materials from ductwork or pipes in a building when the building is to be demolished at the time or at some close future date.

ASBESTOS - MECHANICAL - removal of asbestos material from mechanical systems, such as pipes, ducts, and boilers, where the mechanical systems are to remain.

CERAMIC TILE FINISHER, MARBLE FINISHER, TERRAZO FINISHER

Assisting, helping or supporting the tile, marble and terrazzo mechanic by performing their historic and traditional work assignments required to complete the proper installation of the work covered by said crafts. The term "Ceramic" is used for naming the classification only and is in no way a limitation of the product handled. Ceramic takes into consideration most hard tiles.

ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS TECHNICIAN

Installation, service and maintenance of low-voltage systems which utilizes the transmission and/or transference of voice, sound, vision, or digital for commercial, education, security and entertainment purposes for the following: TV monitoring and surveillance, background/foreground music, intercom and telephone interconnect, field programming, inventory control systems, microwave transmission, multi-media, multiplex, radio page, school, intercom and sound burglar alarms and low voltage master clock systems.

Excluded from this classification are energy management systems, life safety systems, supervisory controls and data acquisition systems not intrinsic with the above listed systems, fire alarm systems, nurse call systems and raceways exceeding fifteen feet in length.

LABORER, SKILLED - BUILDING

The skilled laborer building (BLD) classification shall encompass the following types of work, irrespective of the site of the work: tending of carpenters in unloading, handling, stockpiling and distribution operations, also other building crafts, mixing, handling, and conveying of all materials used by masons, plasterers and other building construction crafts, whether done by hand or by any process. The drying of plastering when done by salamander heat, and the cleaning and clearing of all debris. All work pertaining to and in preparation of asbestos abatement and removal. The building of scaffolding and staging for masons and plasterers. The excavations for buildings and all other construction, digging, of trenches, piers, foundations and holes, digging, lagging, sheeting, cribbing, bracing and propping of foundations, holes, caissons, cofferdams, and dikes, the setting of all guidelines for machine or hand excavation and subgrading. The mixing, handling, conveying, pouring, vibrating, gunniting and otherwise applying of concrete, whether by hand or other method of concrete for any walls, foundations, floors, or for other construction concrete sealant men. The wrecking, stripping, dismantling, and handling of concrete forms and false work, and the building of centers for fireproofing purposes. Boring machine, gas, electric or air in preparation for shoving pipe, telephone cable, and so forth, under highways, roads, streets and alleys. All hand and power operating cross cut saws when used for clearing. All work in compressed air construction. All work on acetylene burners in salvaging. The blocking and tamping of concrete. The laying of sewer tile and conduit, and pre-cast materials. The assembling and dismantling of all jacks and sectional scaffolding, including elevator construction and running of slip form jacks. The work of drill running and blasting, including wagon drills. The wrecking, stripping, dismantling, cleaning, moving and oiling of forms. The cutting off of concrete piles. The loading, unloading, handling and carrying to place of installation of all rods, (and materials for use in reinforcing) concrete and the hoisting of same and all signaling where hoist is used in this type of construction coming under the jurisdiction of the Laborers' Union. And, all other labor work not awarded to any other craft. Mortar mixers, kettlemen and carrier of hot stuff, tool crib men, watchmen (Laborer), firemen or salamander tenders, flagmen, deck hands, installation and maintenance of temporary gas-fired heating units, gravel box men, dumpmen and spotters, fencing Laborers, cleaning lumber, pit men, material checkers, dispatchers, unloading explosives, asphalt plant laborers, writer of scale tickets, fireproofing laborers, janitors, asbestos abatement and removal laborers, handling of materials treated with oil, creosote, chloride, asphalt, and/or foreign material harmful to skin or clothing, Laborers with de-watering systems, gunnite nozzle men, laborers tending masons with hot material or where foreign materials are used, Laborers handling masterplate or similar materials, laser beam operator, concrete burning machine operator, material selector men working with firebrick or combustible material, dynamite men, track laborers, cement handlers, chloride handlers, the unloading and laborers with steel workers and re-bars, concrete workers (wet), luteman, asphalt raker, curb asphalt machine operator, ready mix scalemen, permanent, portable or temporary plant drilling machine operator, plaster tenders, underpinning and shoring of buildings, fire watch, signaling of all power equipment, to include trucks excavating equipment, etc., tree topper or trimmer when in connection to construction, tunnel helpers in free air, batch dumpers, kettle and tar men, tank cleaners, plastic installers, scaffold workers, motorized buggies or motorized unit used for wet concrete or handling of building materials, sewer workers, rod and chain men, vibrator operators, mortar mixer operator, cement silica, clay, fly ash, lime and plasters, handlers (bulk or bag), cofferdam workers, on concrete paving, placing, cutting and tying of reinforcing, deck hand, dredge hand and shore laborers, bankmen on floating plant, asphalt workers with machine & layers, grade checker, power tools, caisson workers, lead man on sewer work, welders, cutters, burners and torch men, chain saw operators, paving breaker, jackhammer and drill operator, layout man and/or drainage tile layer, steel form setters -- street and highway, air tamping hammerman, signal man on crane, concrete saw operator, screen man on asphalt pavers, front end man on chip spreader, multiple concrete duct -- lead man.

The skilled laborer heavy and highway (HWY) classification shall encompass the following types of work, irrespective of the site of the work: handling of materials treated with oil, creosote, asphalt and/or any foreign materials harmful to skin or clothing, track laborers, chloride handlers, the unloading and loading with steel workers and re-bars, concrete workers (wet), tunnel helpers in free air, batch dumpers, mason tenders, kettle and tar men, plastic installers, scaffold workers, motorized buggies or motorized unit used for wet concrete or handling of building materials, laborers with de-watering systems, sewer workers plus depth, rod and chainmen, vibrator operators, mortar mixer operators, cement silica, clay, fly ash, lime and plasters, handlers (bulk or bag), cofferdam workers plus depth, on concrete paving, placing, cutting and tying or reinforcing, deck hand, dredge hand shore laborers, bankmen on floating plant, asphalt workers with machine, and layers, grade checker, power tools, stripping of all concrete forms excluding paving forms, dumpmen and spotters, when necessary, caisson workers plus depth, gunnite nozzle men, welders, cutters, burners and torchmen, chain saw operators, paving breaker, jackhammer and drill operators, layout man and/or drainage tile layer, steel form setters - street and highway, air tamping hammerman, signal man on crane, concrete saw operator, screedman on asphalt pavers, front end man on chip spreader, multiple concrete duct, luteman, asphalt raker, curb asphalt machine operator, ready mix scalemen (portable or temporary plant), laser beam operator, concrete burning machine operator, and coring machine operator.

MATERIAL TESTER/INSPECTOR I: Hand coring and drilling for testing of materials; field inspection of uncured concrete and asphalt.

MATERIAL TESTER/INSPECTOR II: Field inspection of welds, structural steel, fireproofing, masonry, soil, facade, reinforcing steel, formwork, cured concrete, and concrete and asphalt batch plants; adjusting proportions of bituminous mixtures.

OPERATING ENGINEERS - BUILDING

Class 1. Mechanic; Asphalt Plant; Asphalt Spreader; Autograde; Backhoes w/Caisson attachment; Batch Plant; Benoto (require 2 engineers); Boiler and Throttle Valve; Caisson Rigs; Central Redi-Mix Plant; Combination Back Hoe Front End-Loader Machine; Compressor and Throttle Valve; Concrete Breaker (Truck Mounted); Concrete Conveyor; Concrete Paver over 27E cu. ft.; Concrete Paver 27E cu.ft. and under; Concrete Placer; Concrete Pump (Truck Mounted); Concrete Tower; Cranes, All; Cranes Hammerhead; Creter Crane; Spider Crane; Crusher, Stone, etc.; Derricks, All; Derricks, Traveling; Formless Curb and Gutter Machine; Grader, Elevating; Grouting Machines; Heavy Duty Self-Propelled Transporter or Prime Mover; Highlift Shovels or Front Endloader 2-1/4 yd. and over; Hoists, Elevators, outside type rack and pinion and similar machines; Hoists, One, Two and Three Drum; Hoists, Two Tugger One Floor; Hydraulic Backhoes; Hydraulic Boom Trucks; Hydro Vac (and similar equipment); Locomotives, All; Lubrication Technician; Manipulators; Motor Patrol; Pile Drivers and Skid Rig; Post Hole Digger; Pre-Stress Machine; Pump Cretes Dual Ram; Squeeze Cretes - Screw Type Pumps; Gypsum Bulker and Pump; Roto Mill Grinder; Scoops - Tractor Drawn; Slip-Form Paver; Straddle Buggies; Operation of Tieback Machine; Tournapull; Tractor with Boom and Side Boom; Trenching Machines.

Class 2. Boilers; Brick Forklift servicing seven (7) or more Brick Masons; Broom, All Power Propelled; Bulldozers; Concrete Mixer (Two Bag and Over); Conveyor, Portable; Forklift Trucks; Highlift Shovels or Front Endloaders under 2-1/4 yd; Hoists, Automatic; Hoists, inside Freight Elevators; Hoists, Sewer Dragging Machine; Hoists, Tugger Single Drum; Hydro Excavating (excluding hose work); Laser Screed; Rock Drill (self-propelled); Non Self-Loading Ejection Dump; Rock Drill (Truck Mounted); Rollers, All; Steam Generators; Tractors, All; Tractor Drawn Vibratory Roller; Winch Trucks with "A" Frame.

Class 3. Air Compressors; Combination - Small Equipment Operator; Generators; Heaters, Mechanical; Hoists, Inside Elevators -

(Rheostat Manual Controlled); Hoists, Inside Elevators; Hydraulic Power Units (Pile Driving and Extracting); Lowboys; Pumps, over 3" (1 to 3 not to exceed a total of 300 ft.); Pumps, Well Points; Welding Machines (2 through 5); Winches, 4 Small Electric Drill Winches.

Class 4. Brick Forklift; Boom Trucks (Residential); Hoists, Inside Elevators push button with automatic doors; Oilers; Skidsteer Loaders; Vacuum Trucks (excluding hose work).

Class 5. Assistant Craft Foreman

Class 6. Mechanics and Welders

Class 7. Gradall

OPERATING ENGINEERS - HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION

Class 1. Asphalt Plant; Asphalt Heater and Planer Combination; Asphalt Heater Scarfire; Asphalt Spreader; Autograder/Gomaco or other similar type machines: ABG Paver; Backhoes with Caisson Attachment; Belt Loader; Caisson Rigs; Car Dumper; Central Redi-Mix Plant; Combination Backhoe Front Endloader Machine; Concrete Breaker (Truck Mounted); Concrete Conveyor; Concrete Paver over 27E cu. ft.; Concrete Placer; Concrete Tube Float; Cranes, all attachments; Cranes, Tower of all types; Creter Crane; Spider Crane; Crusher, Stone, etc.; Derricks, All; Derrick Boats; Derricks, Traveling; Dredges; Elevators, Outside Type Rack & Pinion and Similar Machines; Formless Curb and Gutter Machine; Grader, Elevating; Grader, Motor Grader, Motor Patrol, Auto Patrol, Form Grader, Pull Grader, Subgrader; Guard Rail Post Driver Truck Mounted; Heavy Duty Self-Propelled Transporter or Prime Mover; Hoists, One, Two and Three Drum; Hydraulic Backhoes; Locomotives, All; Backhoes with Shear Attachments; Lubrication Technician; Manipulators; Mucking Machine; Pile Drivers and Skid Rig; Pre-Stress Machine; Pump Cretes Dual Ram; Rock Drill-Crawler or Skid Rig; Rock Drill - Truck Mounted; Roto Mill Grinder; Slip-Form Paver; Snow Melters; Soil Test Drill Rig (Truck Mounted); Straddle Buggies; Hydraulic Telescoping Form (Tunnel); Operation of Tieback Machine; Tractor Drawn Belt Loader; Tractor Drawn Belt Loader with attached pusher; Tractor with Boom; Tractaire with Attachments; Transfer Barrier Transfer Machine; Trenching Machine; Truck Mounted Concrete Pump with Boom; Raised or Blind Hole Drills (Tunnel Shaft); Underground Boring and/or Mining Machine; Wheel Excavator; Widener (APSCO).

Class 2. Batch Plant; Bituminous Mixer; Boiler and Throttle Valve; Bulldozers; Car Loader Trailing Conveyors; Combination Backhoe Front Endloader Machine (less than 1 cu. yd. Backhoe Bucket or over or with attachments); Compressor and Throttle Valve; Compressor, Common Receiver (3); Concrete Breaker or Hydro Hammer; Concrete Grinding Machine; Concrete Mixer or Paver 7S Series to and including 27 cu. ft.; Concrete Spreader; Concrete Curing Machine, Burlap Machine, Belting Machine and Sealing Machine; Concrete Wheel Saw; Conveyor Muck Cars (Haglund or Similar Type); Drills, All; Finishing Machine - Concrete; Forklifts; Highlift Shovels or Front Endloader; Hoist - Sewer Dragging Machine; Hydraulic Boom Trucks (All Attachments); Hydro-Blaster (requires 2 operators; one being Class 4); Hydro Excavating (excluding hose work); Laser Screed; Locomotives, Dinky; Oil Distributor; Off-Road Hauling Units (Including Articulating); Non Self-Loading Ejection Dump; Pump Cretes; Squeeze Cretes - Screw Type Pumps, Gypsum Bulker and Pump; Roller, Asphalt; Rotary Snow Plows; Rototiller, Seaman, etc., Self-Propelled; Self-Propelled Compactor; Spreader - Chip - Stone, etc.; Scraper; Scraper - Prime Mover in Tandem; Tractors, Push, Pulling Sheeps Foot, Disc, Compactor, etc.; Tug Boats; Mechanic Welders working in permanent shop.

Class 3. Boilers; Brooms, All Power Propelled; Cement Supply Tender; Compressor, Common Receiver (2); Concrete Mixer (Two Bag and Over); Conveyor, Portable; Farm-Type Tractors Used for Mowing, Seeding, etc.; Grouting Machine; Hoists, Automatic; Hoists, All Elevators; Hoists, Tugger Single Drum; Jeep Diggers; Low Boys; Pipe Jacking Machine; Post-Hole Digger; Power Saw, Concrete Power Driven; Pug Mills; Rollers, other than asphalt; Seed and Straw Blower; Steam Generators; Stump Machine Heaters, Mechanical; Winch Trucks with "A" Frame; Work Boats; Tamper - Form - Motor Driven.

Class 4. Air Compressor; Brick Forklifts (Servicing Seven (7) or more Brick Masons; Combination - Small Equipment Operator; Directional Boring Machine; Generators; Heaters, Mechanical; Hydraulic Power Unit (Pile Driving, Extracting, or Drilling); Hydro-Blaster (requires 2 operators - one being class 2); Light Plants, All (1 through 5); Pumps, over 3" (1 to 3 not to exceed a total of 300 ft.); Pumps, Well Points; Tractaire; Vacuum Trucks (excluding hose work); Welding Machines (2 through 5); Winches, 4 Small Electric Drill Winches.

Class 5. Brick Forklifts; Oilers; Skidsteer Loaders (All).

Class 6. Field Mechanics and Field Welders.

Class 7. Dowell Machine with Air Compressor; Gradall and machines of like nature.

TRUCK DRIVER - BUILDING, HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION - NORTHWEST

Class 1. Drivers on 2 axle trucks hauling less than 9 ton. Air compressor and welding machines and brooms, including those pulled by separate units, truck driver helpers, warehouse employees, mechanic helpers, greasers and tiremen, pickup trucks when hauling materials, tools, or workers to and from and on-the-job site, and fork lifts up to 6,000 lb. capacity.

Class 2. Two or three axle trucks hauling more than 9 ton but hauling less than 16 ton. A-frame winch trucks, hydrolift trucks, vactor trucks or similar equipment when used for transportation purposes. Fork lifts over 6,000 lb. capacity, winch trucks, four axle combination units, and ticket writers.

Class 3. Two, three or four axle trucks hauling 16 ton or more. Drivers on water pulls, articulated dump trucks, mechanics and working forepersons, and dispatchers. Five axle or more combination units.

Class 4. Low Boy and Oil Distributors.

Class 5. Drivers who require special protective clothing while employed on hazardous waste work.

TRUCK DRIVER - BUILDING, HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION - SOUTHEAST

Class 1. Two or three Axle Trucks. A-frame Truck when used for transportation purposes; Air Compressors and Welding Machines, including those pulled by cars, pick-up trucks and tractors; Ambulances; Batch Gate Lockers; Batch Hopperman; Car and Truck Washers; Carry-alls; Fork Lifts and Hoisters; Helpers; Mechanics Helpers and Greasers; Oil Distributors 2-man operation; Pavement Breakers; Pole Trailer, up to 40 feet; Power Mower Tractors; Self-propelled Chip Spreader; Skipman; Slurry Trucks, 2-man operation; Slurry Truck Conveyor Operation, 2 or 3 man; Teamsters; Unskilled dumpman; and Truck Drivers hauling warning lights, barricades, and portable toilets on the job site.

Class 2. Four axle trucks; Dump Crets and Adgetors under 7 yards; Dumpsters, Track Trucks, Euclids, Hug Bottom Dump Turnapulls or Turnatrailers when pulling other than self-loading equipment or similar equipment under 16 cubic yards; Mixer Trucks under 7 yeards; Ready-mix Plant Hopper Operator, and Winch Trucks, 2 Axles.

Class 3. Five axle trucks; Dump Crets and Adgetors 7 yards and over; Dumpsters, Track Trucks, Euclids, Hug Bottom Dump Turnatrailers or turnapulls when pulling other than self-loading equipment or similar equipment over 16 cubic yards; Explosives and/or Fission Material Trucks; Mixer Trucks 7 yards or over; Mobile Cranes while in transit; Oil Distributors, 1-man operation; Pole Trailer, over 40 feet; Pole and Expandable Trailers hauling material over 50 feet long; Slurry trucks, 1-man operation; Winch trucks, 3 axles or more; Mechanic--Truck Welder and Truck Painter.

Class 4. Six axle trucks; Dual-purpose vehicles, such as mounted crane trucks with hoist and accessories; Foreman; Master Mechanic; Self-loading equipment like P.B. and trucks with scoops on the front.

Other Classifications of Work:

For definitions of classifications not otherwise set out, the Department generally has on file such definitions which are available. If a task to be performed is not subject to one of the classifications of pay set out, the Department will upon being contacted state which neighboring county has such a classification and provide such rate, such rate being deemed to exist by reference in this document. If no neighboring county rate applies to the task, the Department shall undertake a special determination, such special determination being then deemed to have existed under this determination. If a project requires these, or any classification not listed, please contact IDOL at 217-782-1710 for wage rates or clarifications.

LANDSCAPING

Landscaping work falls under the existing classifications for laborer, operating engineer and truck driver. The work performed by landscape plantsman and landscape laborer is covered by the existing classification of laborer. The work performed by landscape operators (regardless of equipment used or its size) is covered by the classifications of operating engineer. The work performed by landscape truck drivers (regardless of size of truck driven) is covered by the classifications of truck driver.

AB∖	ABOVE	CU YD	CUBIC YARD	HATCH	HATCHING	PM	PAVEMENT MARKING	STD	STANDARD
A/C	ACCESS CONTROL	CULV	CULVERT	HD	HEAD	PED	PEDESTAL	SBI	STATE BOND ISSUE
AC	ACRE	C&G	CURB & GUTTER	HDW	HEADWALL	PNT	POINT	SR	STATE ROUTE
ADJ	ADJUST	D	DEGREE OF CURVE	HDUTY	HEAVY DUTY	PC	POINT OF CURVATURE	STA	STATION
AS	AERIAL SURVEYS	DC	DEPRESSED CURVE	ha	HECTARE	PI	POINT OF INTERSECTION OF HORIZONTAL	SPBGR	STEEL PLATE BEAM GUARDRAIL
AGG	AGGREGATE AGGREGATE	DET	DETECTOR	HMA	HOT MIX ASPHALT		CURVE	SS	STORM SEWER
AH	AHEAD	DIA	DIAMETER	HWY	HIGHWAY	PRC	POINT OF REVERSE CURVE	STY	STORY
APT	APARTMENT	DIST	DISTRICT	HORIZ	HORIZONTAL	PT	POINT OF TANGENCY	ST	STREET
ASF	H ASPHALT	DOM	DOMESTIC	HSE	HOUSE	POT	POINT ON TANGENT	STR	STRUCTURE
AUX	X AUX I LIARY	DBL	DOUBLE	IL	ILLINOIS	POLYETH	POLYETHYLENE	е	SUPERELEVATION RATE
AGS	AUXILIARY GAS VALVE (SERVICE)	DSEL	DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION	IMP	IMPROVEMENT	PCC	PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE	S.E. RUN.	SUPERELEVATION RUNOFF LENGTH
AVE	AVENUE	DSFL	DOWNSTREAM FLOWLINE	IN DIA	INCH DIAMETER	PP	POWER POLE OR PRINCIPAL POINT	SURF	SURFACE
AX	AXIS OF ROTATION	DR	DRAINAGE OR DRIVE	INL	INLET	PRM	PRIME	SMK	SURVEY MARKER
BK	BACK	DI	DRAINAGE INLET OR DROP INLET	INST	INSTALLATION	PE	PRIVATE ENTRANCE	Т	TANGENT DISTANCE
B-B	BACK TO BACK	DRV	DRIVEWAY	IDS	INTERSECTION DESIGN STUDY	PROF	PROFILE	T.R.	TANGENT RUNOUT DISTANCE
BKF	L BACKPLATE	DCT	DUCT	INV	INVERT	PGL	PROFILE GRADELINE	TEL	TELEPHONE
В	BARN	EA	EACH	I Ρ	IRON PIPE	PROJ	PROJECT	TB	TELEPHONE BOX
BAF	R BARRICADE	EB	EASTBOUND	IR	IRON ROD	P.C.	PROPERTY CORNER	TP	TELEPHONE POLE
BL	BASELINE	EOP	EDGE OF PAVEMENT	JT	JOINT	PL	PROPERTY LINE	TEMP	TEMPORARY
BGI	N BEGIN	E-CL	EDGE TO CENTERLINE	kg	KILOGRAM	PR	PROPOSED	TBM	TEMPORARY BENCH MARK
ВМ	BENCHMARK	E-E	EDGE TO EDGE	km	KILOMETER	R	RADIUS or RESIDENTUAL	TD	TILE DRAIN
BIN	D BINDER	ELEC	ELECRICAL	LS	LANDSCAPING	RR	RAILROAD	TBE	TO BE EXTENDED
BIT	BITUMINOUS	EL	ELEVATION	LN	LANE	RRS	RAILROAD SPIKE	TBR	TO BE REMOVED
BTN		ENTR	ENTRANCE	LT	LEFT	RPS	REFERENCE POINT STAKE	TBS	TO BE SAVED
BLV		EXC	EXCAVATION	L I DAR	LIGHT DETECTION AND RANGING	REF	REFLECTIVE	TWP	TOWNSHIP
BRŁ		EX	EXISTING	LP	LIGHT POLE	RCCP	REINFORCED CONCRETE CULVERT PIPE	TR	TOWNSHIP ROAD
BBC		EXPWAY	/ EXPRESSWAY	LGT	LIGHTING	REINF	REINFORCEMENT	TS	TRAFFIC SIGNAL
BLC		E	EXTERNAL DISTANCE OF HORIZONTAL CURVE	LF	LINEAL FEET OR LINEAR FEET	REM	REMOVAL	TSCB	TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROL BOX
CAT		E	OFFSET DISTANCE TO VERTICAL CURVE	L	LITER OR CURVE LENGTH	RC	REMOVE CROWN	TSC	TRAFFIC SYSTEMS CENTER
CIP	CAST IRON PIPE	F-F	FACE TO FACE	LC	LONG CHORD	REP	REPLACEMENT	TRVS	TRANSVERSE
СВ	CATCH BASIN	FA	FEDERAL AID	LNG	LONGITUDINAL	REST	RESTAURANT	TRVL	TRAVEL
C-C	CENTER TO CENTER	FAI	FEDERAL AID INTERSTATE	L SUM	LUMP SUM	RESURF	RESURFACING	TRN	TURN
CL	CENTERLINE OR CLEARANCE	FAP	FEDERAL AID PRIMARY	MACH	MACHINE	RET	RETAINING	TY	TYPE
CL-I		FAS	FEDERAL AID SECONDARY	MB	MAIL BOX	RT	RIGHT	T-A	TYPEA
CL-I		FAUS	FEDERAL AID URBAN SECONDARY	MH	MANHOLE	ROW	RIGHT-OF-WAY	TYP	TYPICAL
CTS		FP	FENCE POST	MATL	MATERIAL	RD	ROAD	UNDGND	UNDERGROUND
CEF		OPT	FIBER OPTIC	MED	MEDIAN	RDWY	ROADWAY	USGS	U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
CHS		FE	FIELD ENTRANCE	m METU	METER	RTE	ROUTE	USEL	UPSTREAM ELEVATION
CS CP	CITY STREET CLAY PIPE	FH	FIRE HYDRANT	METH	METHOD MID ODDINATE	SAN	SANITARY SANITARY SEWER	USFL	UPSTREAM FLOWLINE
CLS		FL FB	FLOW LINE FOOT BRIDGE	M	MID-ORDINATE MILLIMETER	SANS SEC		UTIL	UTILITY VALVE BOX
CLI		FDN	FOUNDATION	mm DIA	MILLIMETER MILLIMETER DIAMETER	SEED	SECTION SEEDING	VBOX VV	VALVE BOX VALVE VAULT
CT	COAT OR COURT	FR	FRAME		MIXTURE	SHAP	SHAPING		VAULT
CO		F&G	FRAME & GRATE	MIX MBH	MOBILE HOME	SHAP S	SHED	VLT VEH	VAULT
	COMMERCIAL BUILDING		FREEWAY	MOD	MODIFIED	SH	SHEET	VEN VP	VENT PIPE
CE	COMMERCIAL ENTRANCE		GALLON		MOTOR FUEL TAX	SHLD	SHOULDER	VERT	VERTICAL
COL		GALV	GALVANIZED		NAIL & BOTTLE CAP	SW	SIDEWALK OR SOUTHWEST	VC	VERTICAL CURVE
1	IST CONSTRUCT	G	GARAGE	N & C	NAIL & CAP	SIG	SIGNAL	VPC	VERTICAL CORVE VERTICAL POINT OF CURVATURE
	NTD CONTINUED	GM	GAS METER		NAIL & WASHER	SOD	SODDING	VPI	VERTICAL POINT OF CORVATORE VERTICAL POINT OF INTERSECTION
COL		GV	GAS VALVE	NC NC	NORMAL CROWN	SM	SOLID MEDIAN	VPT	VERTICAL POINT OF TANGENCY
COL		GIS	GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM	NB	NORTHBOUND	SB	SOUTHBOUND	WM	WATER METER
COL		GRAN	GRANULAR	NE	NORTHEAST	SE	SOUTHEAST	WV	WATER VALVE
CMI		GR	GRATE	NW	NORTHWEST	SPL	SPECIAL	WMAIN	WATER MAIN
CN		GRVL	GRAVEL	O/S	OFFSET	SD	SPECIAL DITCH	WB	WESTBOUND
CH	COUNTY HIGHWAY	GND	GROUND	O&C	OIL AND CHIP	SQ FT	SQUARE FEET	WILDFL	WILDFLOWERS
CSE		GUT	GUTTER	OLID	OPEN LID	m ²	SQUARE METER	W	WITH
XSE		GP .	GUY POLE	PAT	PATTERN	 mm ²	SQUARE MILLIMETER	wo	WITHOUT
m ³	CUBIC METER	GW	GUY WIRE	PVD	PAVED	SQ YD	SQUARE YARD		
mm		HH	HANDHOLE	PVMT	PAVEMENT	STB	STABILIZED		
1									

Illinois Department of Transportation									
RRBSEDVED January 1, 2021 Supply Sup	ISSUED								
APPROVED January 1, 2021 ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT	1-1-97								

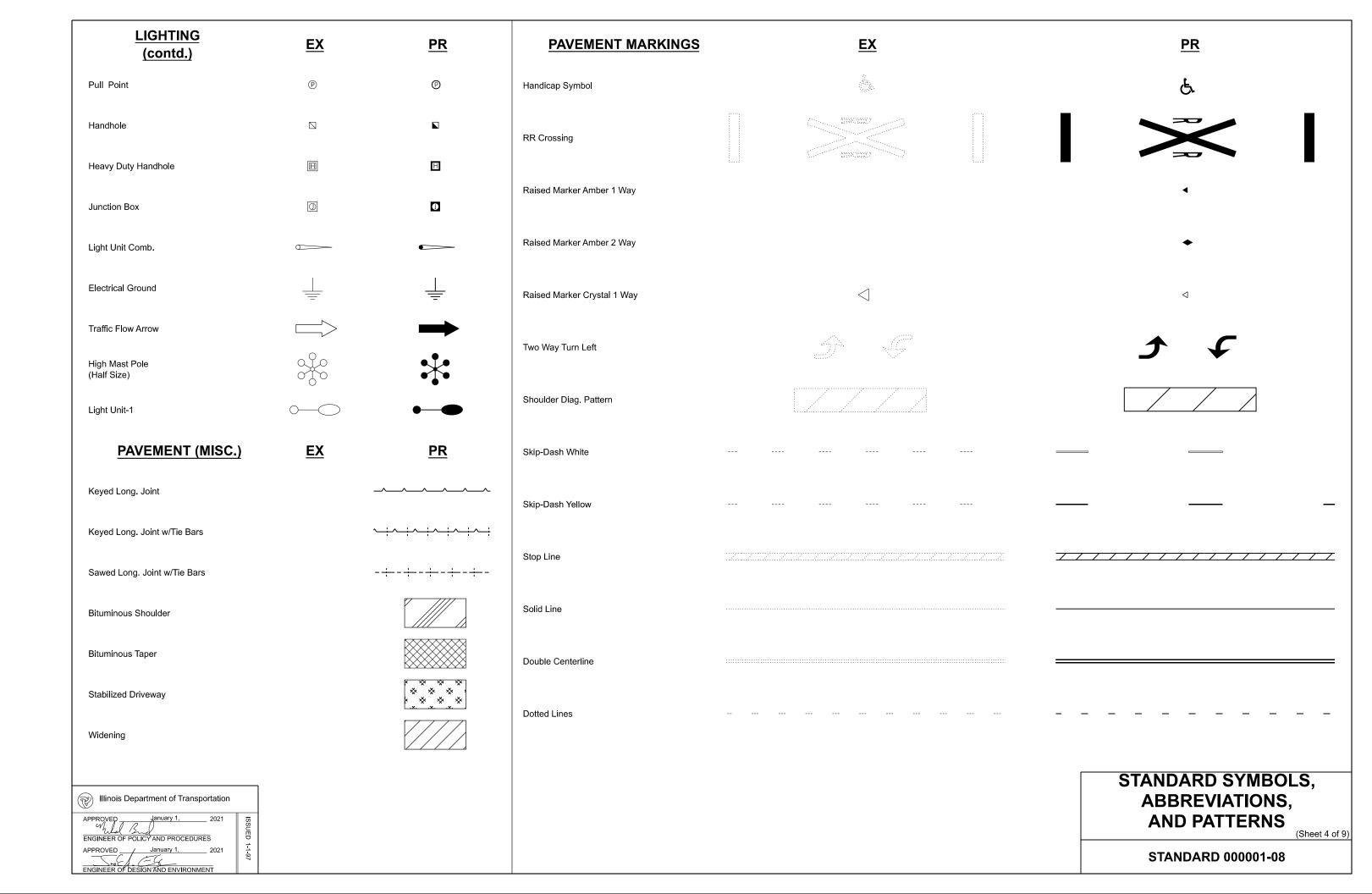
DATE	REVISIONS	
1-1-21	Updated fonts, abbreviations,	
	and symbols.	
1-1-19	Added new symbols.	\vdash

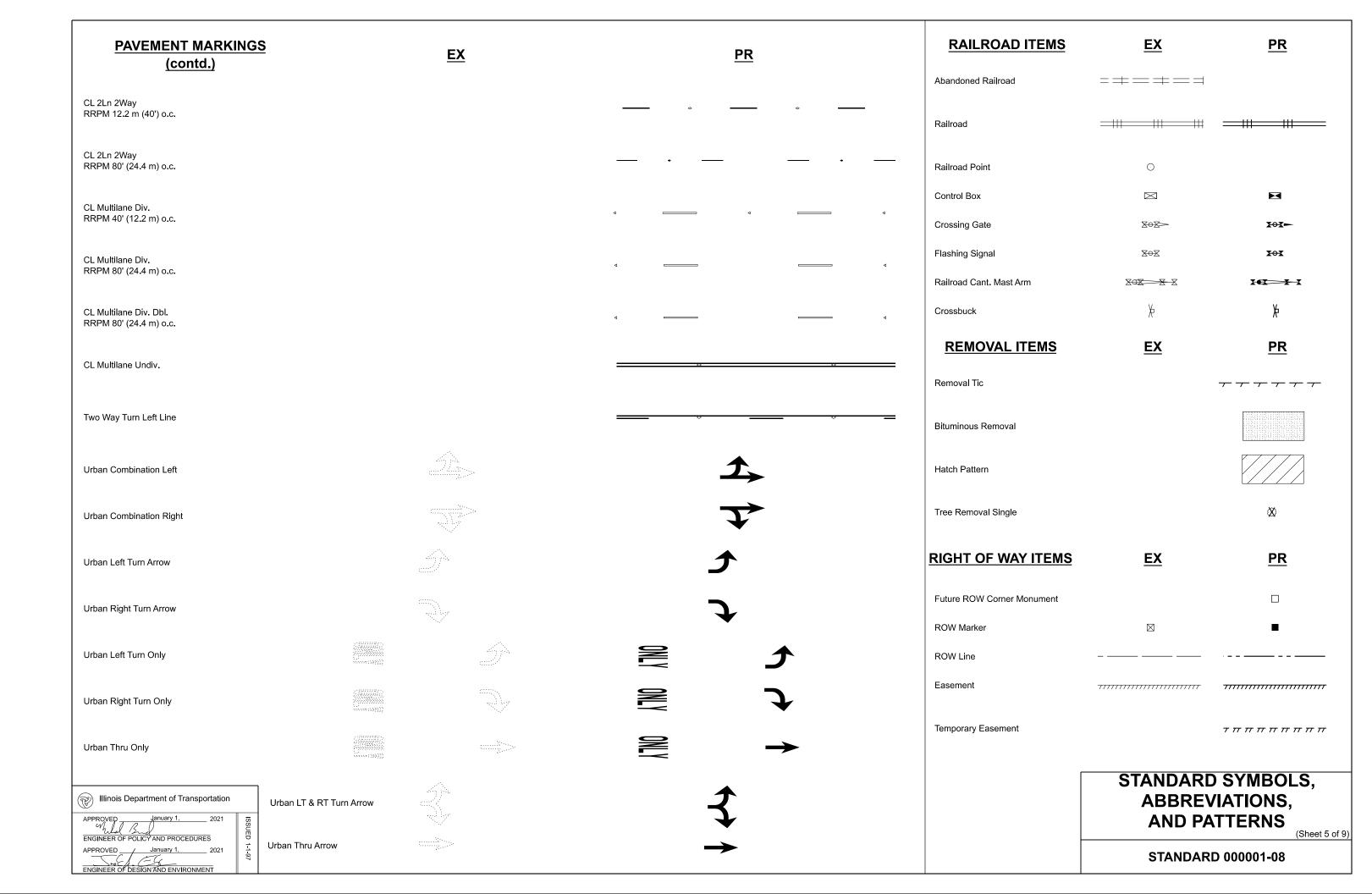
STANDARD SYMBOLS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND PATTERNS (Sheet 1 of 9)

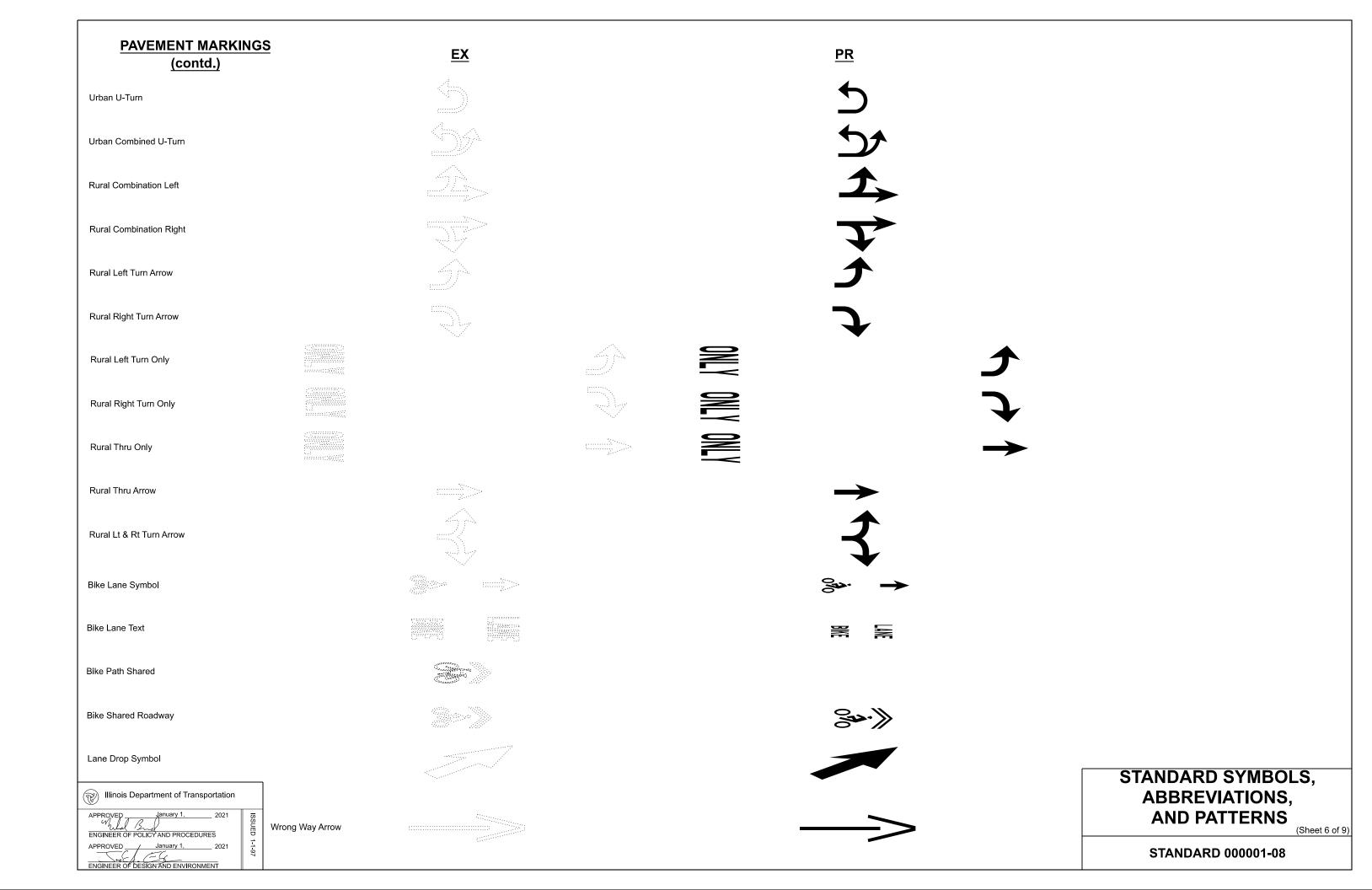
STANDARD 000001-08

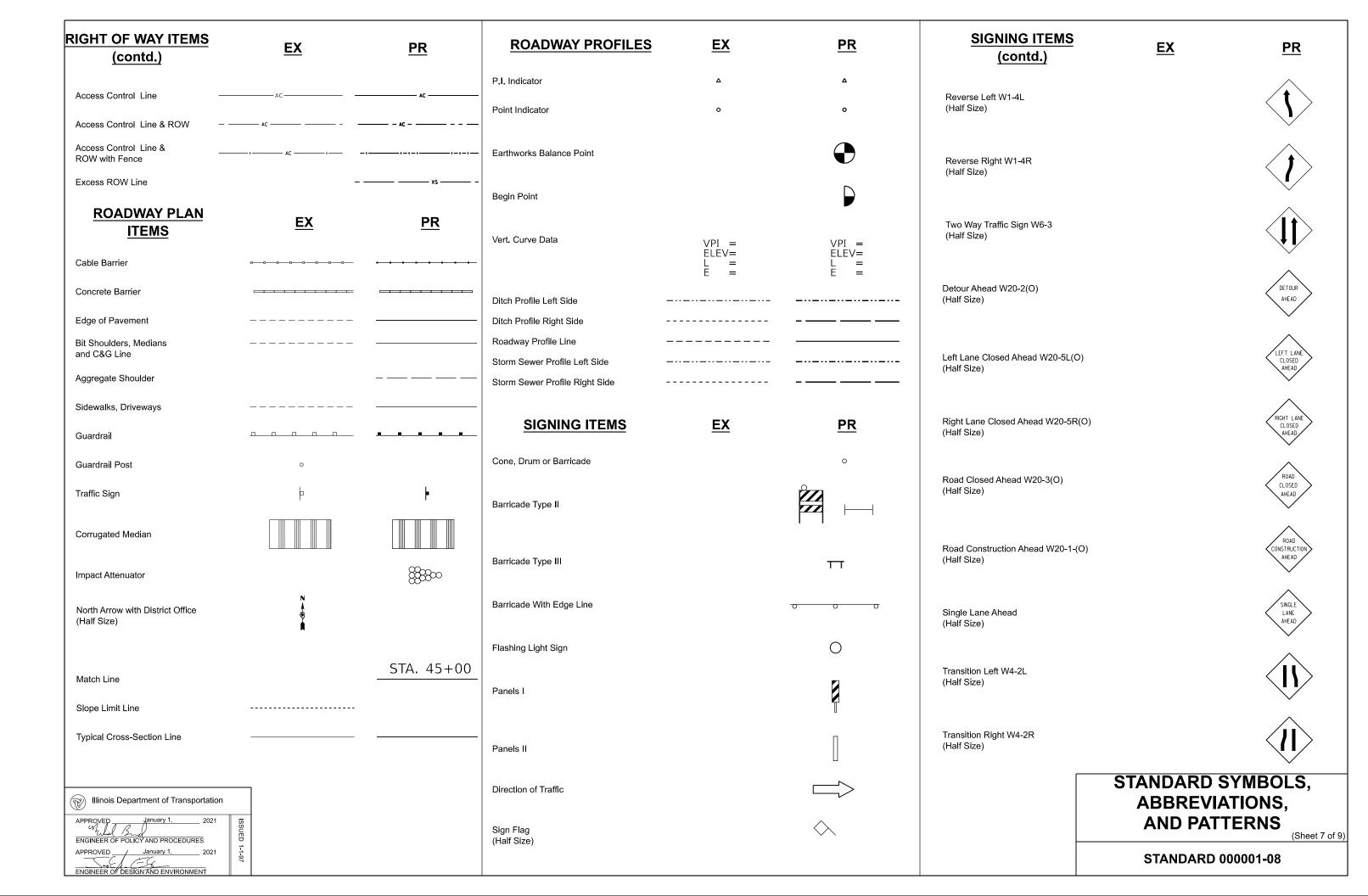
ADJUSTMENT ITEMS EX	<u>PR</u>	ALIGNMENT ITEMS	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>	DRAINAGE ITEMS	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>
Structure To Be Adjusted	ADJ	Baseline			Channel or Stream Line		
		Centerline			Culvert Line	F	
Structure To Be Cleaned	С	Centerline Break Circle	0	\odot	Grading & Shaping Ditches		
Main Structure To Be Filled	FM	Baseline Symbol	屘	B	Drainage Boundary Line	-111-111-111-111-111-1	
		Centerline Symbol		Q.	Paved Ditch	walp walp walp walp	
Structure To Be Filled	F	PI Indicator	Δ	Δ	Aggregate Ditch	महिम्पस्य व्हिम्पस्य व्हिम्पस्य व्हिम्पस्य	्रविस्पन्नस् व्यक्तिसम्बद्धः व्यक्तिसम्बद्धः व्यक्तिसम्बद्धः
Structure To Be Filled Special	FSP	Point Indicator	0	o	Pipe Underdrain		
Structure To Be Removed	R	Horizontal Curve Data	EX. CURVE P.I. STA=	CURVE P.I. STA=	Storm Sewer		
Guddare to be Nemoved		(Half Size)	Δ= D= R= T=	Δ= D= R= T=	Flowline	L	Ł
Structure To Be Reconstructed	REC		L= E= e =	L= E= e=	Ditch Check		-
Structure To Be Reconstructed Special	RSP		T.R.= S.E. RUN= P.C. STA= P.T. STA=	T.R.= S.E. RUN= P.C. STA= P.T. STA=	Headwall	-	$\overline{}$
		BOUNDARIES ITEMS	EX	<u>PR</u>	Inlet		-
Frame and Grate To Be Adjusted	А		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Manhole	©	⊙
Frame and Lid To Be Adjusted	A	Solid Property/Lot Line			Summit	\longleftrightarrow	← +→
	^	Section/Grant Line			Roadway Ditch Flow	- √>	-√→
Domestic Service Box To Be Adjusted	A	Quarter Section Line			Swale	\rightarrow	→
Valve Vault To Be Adjusted	A	Quarter/Quarter Section Line			Catch Basin	0	•
Special Adjustment	(SP)	County/Township Line			Culvert End Section	◁	4
Special Adjustment	(31)	State Line			Water Surface Indicator	$\overline{\underline{\bigcirc}}$	
Item To Be Abandoned	АВ	Chiseled Square Found			Riprap) 00000 00000 100000 100000
Item To Be Moved	M	Iron Pipe Found	0		HYDRAULICS ITEMS	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>
		Iron Pipe Set	•		Overflow		
Item To Be Relocated	REL	Survey Marker	$lackbox{}{lackbox{}}{lackbox{}{lackbox{}}{lackbox{}{lackbox{}}{lackbox{}{lackbox{}}{lackbox{}{lackbox{}}{la$			2	
Pavement Removal and Replacement		Property Line Symbol	PL		Sheet Flow		
		Same Ownership Symbol (Half Size)			Hydrant Outlet	—	
(Si) Illinois Department of Transportation		Northwest Quarter Corner (Half Size)	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N			STANDARD S	-
Illinois Department of Transportation APPROVED January 1, 2021		Section Corner (Half Size)				ABBREVIA AND PAT	•
ENGINEER OF POLICY AND PROCEDURES APPROVED January 1, 2021 ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT		Southeast Quarter Corner (Half Size)	NR			STANDARD (,

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL ITEMS	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>	NON-HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT ITEMS	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>	EXISTING LANDSCAPING ITEMS (contd.)	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>
Cleaning & Grading Limits		-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-	Noise Attn./Levee			(conta.)		
Dike		~~~~~~				Seeding Class 5		
Erosion Control Fence		******	Field Line	—— E——				
Perimeter Erosion Barrier						Seeding Class 7		
Temporary Fence			Fence	- x x x x x x x x x				(2'142')
Ditch Check Temporary		 _	Base of Levee	<u></u>		Seedlings Type 1		
Ditch Check Permanent		—	Mailbox			Seedlings Type 2		
Inlet & Pipe Protection		\bigoplus	Multiple Mailboxes			Sodding		
Sediment Basin			Pay Telephone			Mowstake w/Sign		•
Erosion Control Blanket		+++++	Advertising Sign	þ		Tree Trunk Protection		
Fabric Formed Concrete Revetment Mat			*ITS Camera	Ô		Evergreen Tree	(E)	
Turf Reinforcement Mat			Wind Turbine	†			\rightarrow	4
Mulch Temporary		***************************************	Cellular Tower	(%)		Shade Tree	E	+
Mulch Method 1		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*Intelligent Transportation Systems LANDSCAPING ITEMS Contour Mounding Line	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>	LIGHTING	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>
Mulch Method 2 Stabilized		本本本本 本	Fence			Duct		
Mulch Method 3 Hydraulic		4444 4 4 4 4	Fence Post Shrubs		о ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	Conduit Electrical Aerial Cable	AA	AAA
CONTOUR ITEMS	EY	DD	Mowline					
CONTOUR ITEMS	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>	Perennial Plants			Electrical Buried Cable	LL	
Approx. Index Line						Controller	\bowtie	⋈
Approx. Intermediate Line			Seeding Class 2			Underpass Luminaire	277 2	
Index Contour			Seeding Class 2A			Power Pole	-0-	-
Intermediate Contour Illinois Department of Transportation APPROVED January 1, 2021			Seeding Class 4				ABBREV	SYMBOLS, IATIONS, ITTERNS
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT			Seeding Class 4 & 5 Combined				STANDARI	(Sheet 3 of 9



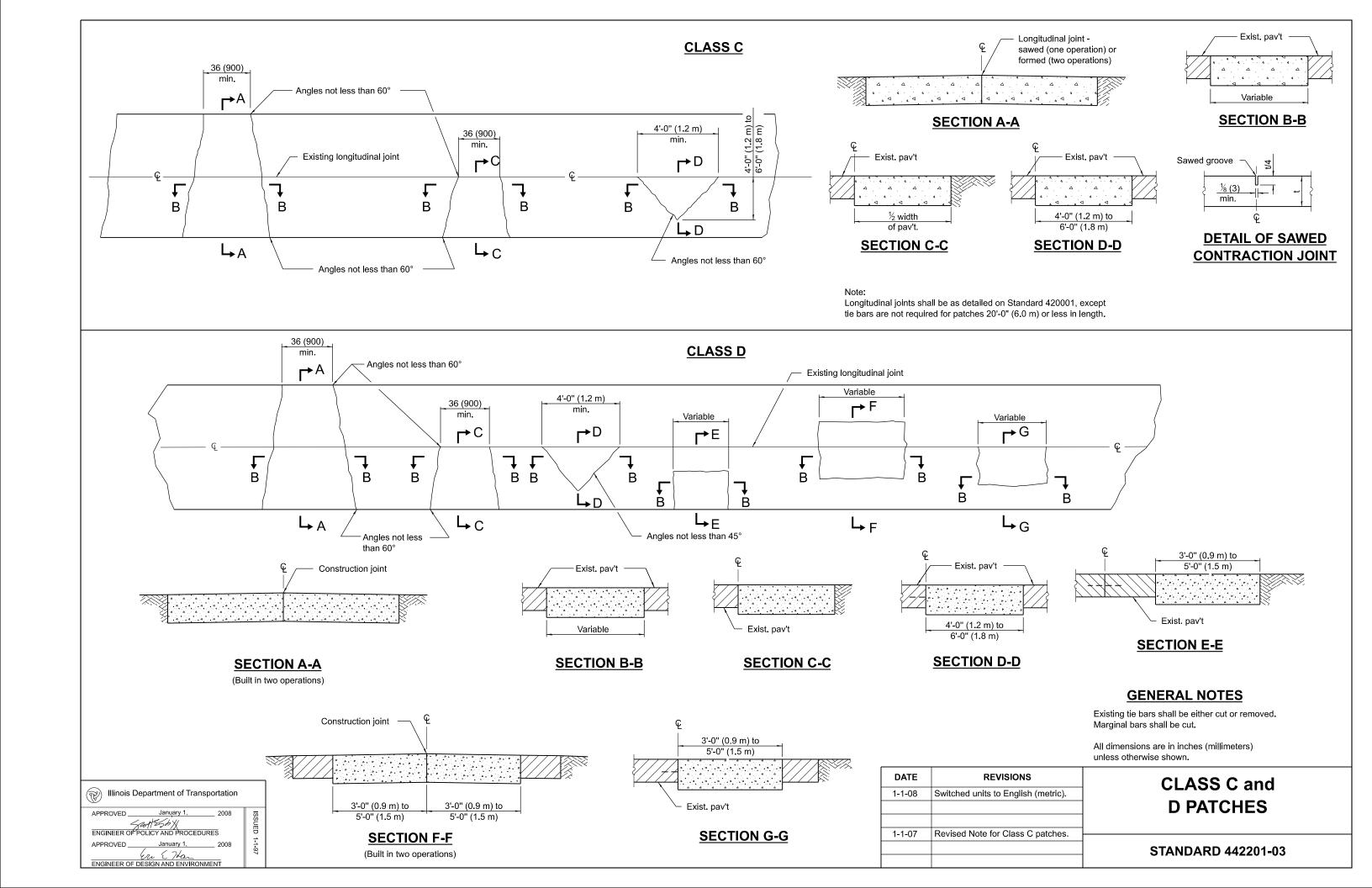


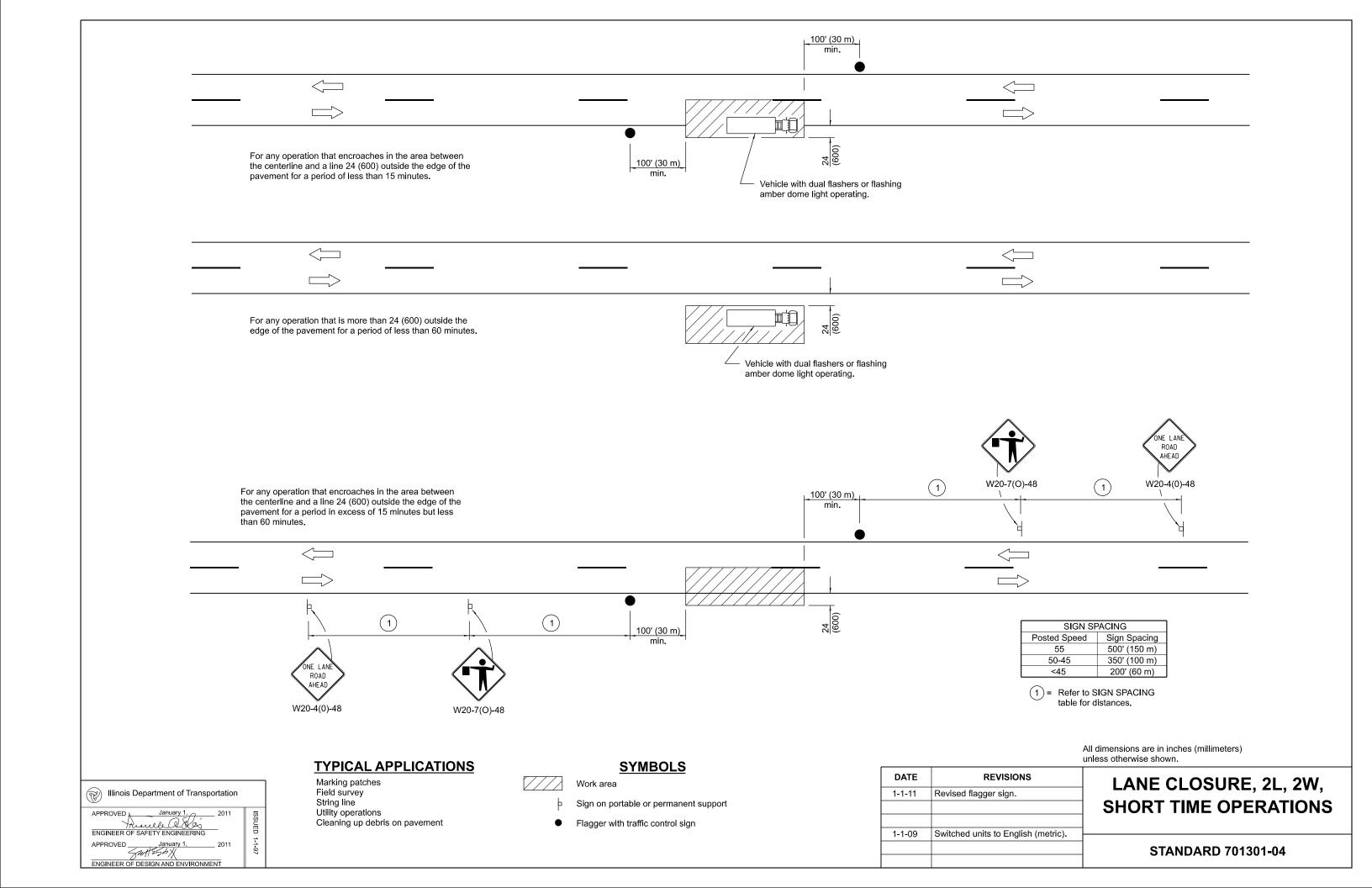


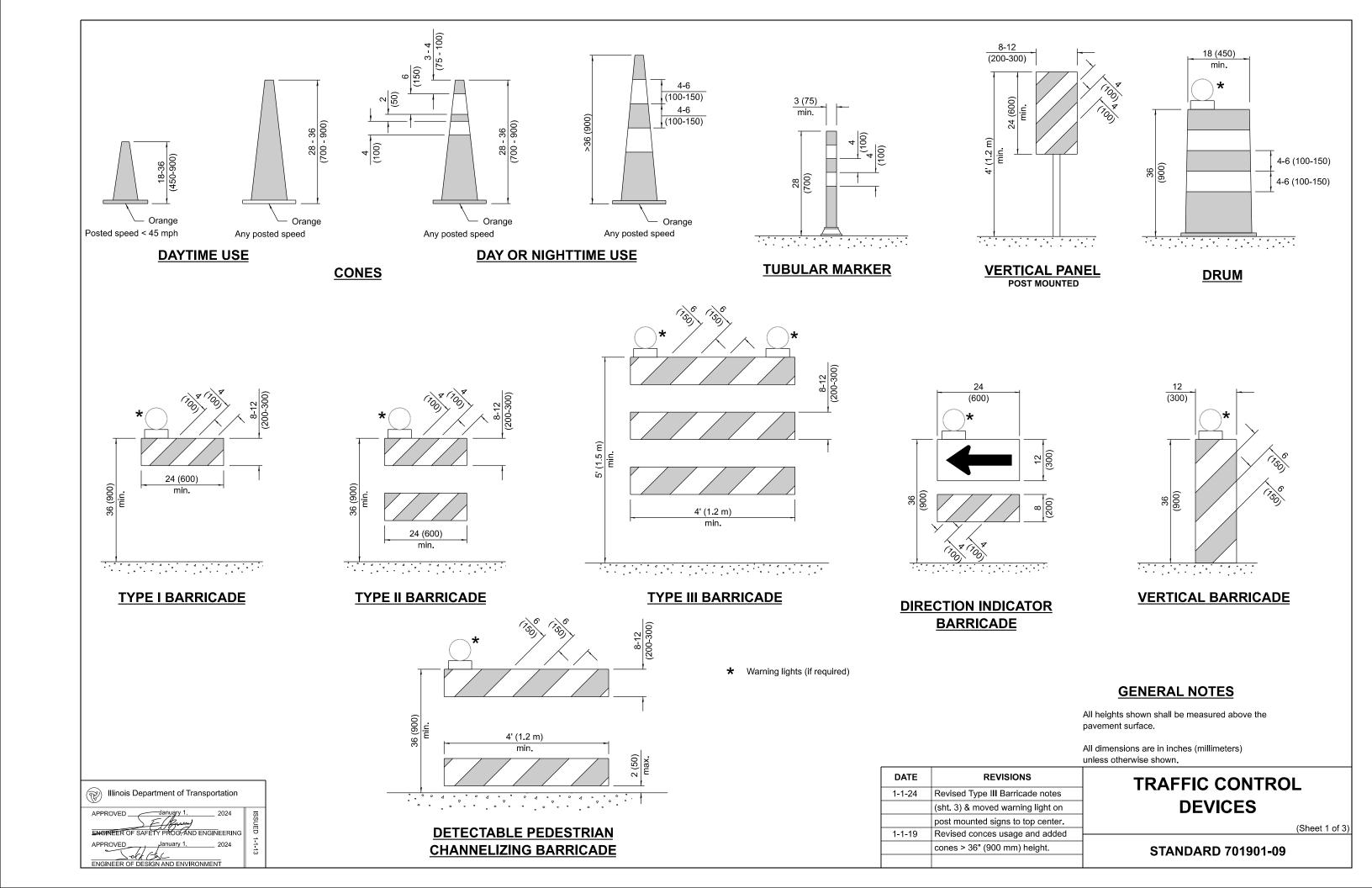


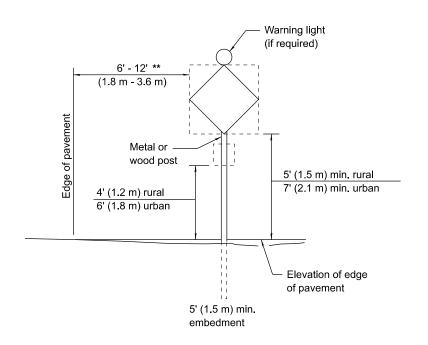
SIGNING ITEMS (contd.)	EX	PR	STRUCTURES ITEMS	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>	TRAFFIC SHEET ITEMS	EX	<u>PR</u>
One Way Arrow Lrg. W1-6-(O) (Half Size)			Box Culvert Barrel			Cable Number		Ø
Two Way Arrow Large W1-7-(O) (Half Size)			Box Culvert Headwall Bridge Pier			Left Turn Green	[] [- -G	← G
Detour M4-10L-(O) (Half Size)		DETOUR	Bridge			Left Turn Yellow	 Y	- -Y
Detour M4-10R-(O) (Half Size)		DETOUR	Retaining Wall			Signal Backplate	= = 1 11	[]
One Way Left R6-1L (Half Size)		ONE WAY	Temporary Sheet Piling			Orginal Dackplate	1	L - L -
One Way Right R6-1R (Half Size)		ONE WAY				Signal Section 8" (200 mm)	[
Left Turn Lane R3-I100L (Half Size)		LEFT TURN LANE				Signal Section 12" (300 mm)	[]	
Keep Left R4-7AL (Half Size)		KEEP				Walk/Don't Walk Letters	DW 	DW W
Keep Left R4-7BL (Half Size)		KEEP LEFT				Walk/Don't Walk Symbols		* * *
Keep Right R4-7AR (Half Size)		RIGHT				TRAFFIC SIGNAL ITEMS	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>
Keep Right R4-7BR (Half Size)		RIGHT				Galv. Steel Conduit		
Stop Here On Red R10-6-AL (Half Size)		STOP HERE ✓ ON RED				Underground Cable		
Stop Here On Red R10-6-AR (Half Size)		STOP HERE ON RED				Detector Loop Line		
(Hall Size)		ŘED				Detector Loop Large	<u> </u>	
No Left Turn R3-2 (Half Size)		3				Detector Loop Small	d····¢ : : : : :	
No Right Turn R3-1 (Half Size)						Detector Loop Quadrapole	}	
Road Closed R11-2 (Half Size)		ROAD CLOSED						
Road Closed Thru Traffic R11-2 (Half Size)		ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC					STANDARD S	SYMBOLS
Illinois Department of Transportation APPROVED January 1, 2021							ABBREVIA AND PAT	ATIONS, TERNS
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT							STANDARD ((Sheet 8 of 9)

TRAFFIC SIGNAL ITEMS (contd.)	EX	<u>PR</u>	UNDERGROUND EX	<u>PR</u>	ABANDONED	UTILITY ITEMS (contd.)	EX	<u>PR</u>
Detector Raceway	"E"		Cable TV гv —— стv —— стv	сту сту	ctv — / — ctv — / — ctv — /	Traffic Signal	Ф	•
,			Electric Cable —— ε—— ε–	ЕЕ	— · · · · E · · · · · E · · · · · ·	Traffic Signal Control Box	\square	
Aluminum Mast Arm	0		Fiber Optic — F0 — F0 — F0	F0 F0	-F — F0 — / — F0 — / F0 —	Water Meter		
Steel Mast Arm	0	•	Gas Pipe —		<u> </u>	Water Meter Valve Box	0	•
Glos. macr. mi	S	-	Oil Pipe ——	—	-	Profile Line		
Veh. Detector Magnetic	—	-	Sanitary Sewer ——>——>—		-	Aerial Power Line	——A———A———A—	AA
Conduit Splice	•	•	Telephone Cable — т—— т——		T - -TTT	VECETATION ITEMS	EV	DD
Controller	\bowtie	×	Water Pipe ⊣w⊢——⊣w	ww	— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>VEGETATION ITEMS</u>	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>
Gulfbox Junction	0	0				Deciduous Tree	\odot	
Wood Pole	8	•	<u>UTILITIES ITEMS</u>	EX	<u>PR</u>	Bush or Shrub	Q	
Temp. Signal Head		>>	Controller	\boxtimes	Ħ	Evergreen Tree	Ø	
Handhole			Double Handhole			Stump	寙	
Double Handhole			Fire Hydrant	Ø	*	Orchard/Nursery Line		
Heavy Duty Handhole	H	H	GuyWire or Deadman Anchor	\rightarrow		Vegetation Line		
Junction Box	0	0	Handhole			Woods & Bush Line		
Ped. Pushbutton Detector	•	®	Heavy Duty Handhole	H	П	WATER FEATURE ITEMS	<u>EX</u>	<u>PR</u>
Ped. Signal Head	-0	-1	Junction Box		<u> </u>			
Power Pole Service		-■-	Light Pole	¤	-	Giream of Drainage Ditori		
Priority Veh. Detector	≪	• 4	Manhole	©	⊙	Waters Edge	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
Signal Head	>-	-> -				Water Surface Indicator	$\overline{\underline{\Box}}$	
Signal Head w/Backplate	+⊳	+►	Monitoring Well (Gasoline)	609 L		Water Point	0	
Signal Post	0	•	Pipeline Warning Sign	P		Disappearing Ditch	<	
		•	Power Pole	-0-	-	Marsh	بيتاللا	
Closed Circuit TV		©•	Power Pole with Light	\$		Marsh/Swamp Boundary		
Video Detector System	(V)	∑ •	Sanitary Sewer Cleanout					
Illinois Department of Transportation]		Splice Box Above Ground		•		STANDARD SYN ABBREVIATION	·
APPROVED January 1, 2021 55	-		Telephone Splice Box Above Ground	⊞			AND PATTER	RNS
ENGINEER OF POLICY AND PROCEDURES APPROVED January 1, ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT			Telephone Pole	-0-	-		STANDARD 0000	(Sheet 9 of 9) 01-08



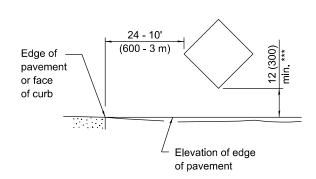






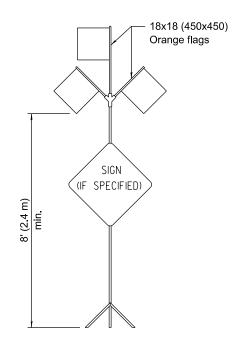
POST MOUNTED SIGNS

** When curb or paved shoulder are present this dimension shall be 24 (600) to the face of curb or 6' (1.8 m) to the outside edge of the paved shoulder.

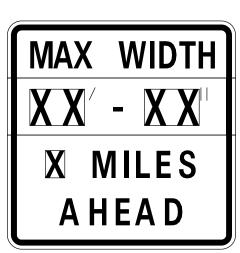


SIGNS ON TEMPORARY SUPPORTS

*** When work operations exceed four days, this dimension shall be 5' (1.5 m) min. If located behind other devices, the height shall be sufficient to be seen completely above the devices.



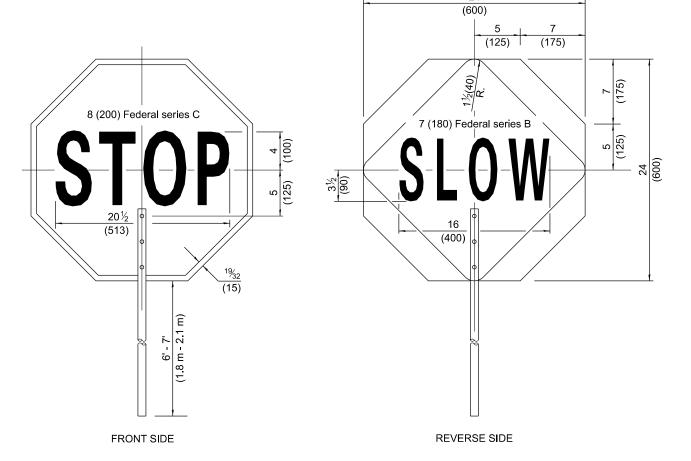
HIGH LEVEL WARNING DEVICE



W12-I103-4848

WIDTH RESTRICTION SIGN

XX'-XX" width and X miles are variable.



FLAGGER TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGN

ROAD CONSTRUCTION NEXT X MILES

END CONSTRUCTION

G20-I104(0)-6036

G20-I105(0)-6024

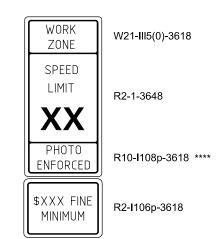
This signing is required for all projects 2 miles (3200 m) or more in length.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION NEXT X MILES sign shall be placed 500' (150 m) in advance of project limits.

END CONSTRUCTION sign shall be erected at the end of the job unless another job is within 2 miles (3200 m).

Dual sign displays shall be utilized on multilane highways.

WORK LIMIT SIGNING



Sign assembly as shown on Standards or as allowed by District Operations.



This sign shall be used when the above sign assembly is used.

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION SPEED ZONE SIGNS

**** R10-I108p shall only be used along roadways under the juristiction of the State.

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

(Sheet 2 of 3)

STANDARD 701901-09



